



For Better Understanding on  
**China–Pakistan and  
CPEC**  
Gleanings from the  
National & Chinese Press

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**November 01-15, 2025**

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**November 01, 2025**

**Business Recorder**

**Zong NUCES-FAST to set up research lab**

Islamabad: Zong has inked a strategic understanding to establish the China–Pakistan Low-Carbon Intelligent Manufacturing International Joint Innovation Laboratory at NUCES-FAST University, Islamabad, marking a new milestone in bilateral scientific and technological collaboration between China and Pakistan.

The laboratory will serve as a collaborative research and development platform jointly established by Zong, Suzhou University of Science and Technology (USTS), Guangzhou Institute of Software Application Technology (GZIS), and NUCES–FAST (National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences). This initiative aims to strengthen scientific research, promote knowledge exchange, and drive low-carbon innovation through advanced technologies.

Research under this collaboration will initially concentrate on four core domains: low-carbon and environmental protection through the application of cloud and digital technologies; intelligent construction and manufacturing driven by artificial intelligence and 5G connectivity; clean and renewable energy systems enhanced by big data and smart energy management; and digital and intelligent applications integrating IoT, AI, and advanced analytics. Together, these focus areas reflect a strategic roadmap for a future where technological innovation complements sustainability goals.

The China–Pakistan International Joint Innovation Laboratory will operate as a multidisciplinary platform to bridge academia and industry, driving the conversion of scientific achievements into market-ready solutions. It will also focus on talent development in the fields of low-carbon systems and digital technologies, providing young researchers and engineers with opportunities to engage in applied research and pilot projects aligned with the China–Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) framework.

Zong will act as the industrial facilitator, connecting academic research to practical enterprise applications, while the participating universities and research institutes will contribute domain expertise and capacity building to advance joint research outcomes.

Commenting on the partnership, Dr Mao Weiliang, Chief Technical Officer at Zong, said, “The establishment of this International Joint Innovation Laboratory marks a defining step toward creating a new ecosystem where research converges with real-world impact. By bringing together China and Pakistan’s leading academic and research institutions, we are building a foundation for transformative breakthroughs in intelligent manufacturing, digital innovation including 5G, AI, Big Data, Cloud Computing, and other emerging technologies for sustainable industrial growth.”

Speaking on the occasion, Rector of NUCES-FAST, Dr Aftab Maroof stated, “This collaboration reflects the strength of academia–industry partnerships and the role of universities in shaping Pakistan’s innovation landscape. By engaging our students and researchers in applied research across AI, IoT, cloud and low-carbon systems, we are

contributing to solutions that will support sustainable industrial development nationally and internationally.”

The establishment of the China–Pakistan Low-Carbon Intelligent Manufacturing International Joint Innovation Laboratory reflects a shared commitment to scientific and technological progress under the Belt and Road framework, supporting Zong’s ongoing pursuit of technological innovation that bridges industry, research, and sustainability.

<https://www.brecorder.com/news/40390309/zong-nuces-fast-to-set-up-research-lab>

### **Dawn News**

## **Pakistan Agricultural Research Council reform pledged after China identifies major gaps**

*Amin Ahmed*

- Underfunding, outdated labs, brain drain plague the country’s apex agri-research body, joint assessment finds
- Tanveer announces high-level panel to ensure execution of reform plan

ISLAMABAD: The Minister for Food Security vowed to transform the country’s apex agricultural research body, after a joint assessment conducted alongside China identified chronic under-investment, outdated laboratories and equipment, weak research commercialisation, and persistent brain drain as major challenges for Pakistan Agricultural Research Council (PARC).

The comprehensive study, carried out by the Chinese Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs and the Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences, in collaboration with PARC, aimed to identify structural gaps in Pakistan’s agricultural research system and propose a roadmap for institutional revitalisation in line with global scientific standards.

The joint study assessed the performance, infrastructure, and capabilities of PARC, National Agricultural Research Centre (NARC), and its eleven research institutes.

The report emphasised that overcoming these challenges requires a holistic reform strategy focused on sustainable funding, efficient performance evaluation, stronger linkages between research and farmers, and better coordination between federal and provincial research bodies.

It also underscored the need to align research priorities with national goals of food security, climate resilience, and economic growth through the development of a National Agricultural Science and Technology Roadmap. The findings of the assessment were discussed at a high-level meeting in Islamabad on Friday, chaired by Minister for National Food Security and Research Rana Tanveer Hussain.

He announced that the government would revamp PARC under the Strategic Reform and Cooperation Plan with China.

The minister said the government was fully committed to transforming PARC into a modern, efficient, and innovation-driven institution capable of leading the country’s food security agenda.

Mr Hussain praised the efforts of the Chinese ministry and academy for their valuable support in preparing a forward-looking reform roadmap for Pakistan's agricultural research sector.

He added that the recommendations of the Chinese ministry and academy would be implemented "in letter and spirit" to make PARC a hub of agricultural advancement, ensuring that farmers benefit directly from modern technology, value addition, and research-based solutions.

The minister announced the formation of a high-level implementation committee comprising representatives from the Ministry of National Food Security and Research, PARC, and other key stakeholders to ensure timely execution of the reform plan with clear milestones and accountability mechanisms.

<https://www.dawn.com/news/1952497/pakistan-agricultural-research-council-reform-pledged-after-china-identifies-major-gaps>

### **CPEC has brought new opportunities to GB, says Zardari**

President Asif Ali Zardari on Saturday said that the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) had brought new opportunities to Gilgit-Baltistan (GB).

"The CPEC has brought new opportunities for livelihood, trade and connectivity to GB. Our collective task is to ensure that these opportunities reach every valley and every village, creating shared prosperity for all," he said, while speaking at a ceremony marking the 78th anniversary of the region's freedom from Dogra rule.

"As we celebrate your independence day ... let us renew our collective resolve to make GB a model of development, justice equality. Your region offers the best to the rest of the country and the world at large," he said.

He also talked about the people of occupied Kashmir, saying: "While you enjoy liberty and rights under the flag of Pakistan, they continue to face occupation ... we stand with them until they too can live in freedom in accordance with the resolutions of the United Nations Security Council and the aspirations of the Kashmiri people."

He further said that over the past seven decades, the people of GB had marched "shoulder to shoulder" with the rest of Pakistan.

"You have guarded our borders, advanced our progress, carried our flag to the world's highest peaks. This region is not only the crown of Pakistan, but also our northern gateway and a symbol of our lasting friendship with China," he said, adding that the Karakoram Highway stood as a "living memento" of the partnership with China.

<https://www.dawn.com/news/1952548/cpec-has-brought-new-opportunities-to-gb-says-zardari>

**November 02, 2025**

**Business Recorder**

**Zardari spells out CPEC benefits during G-B visit**

GILGIT: President Asif Ali Zardari, Saturday, stressed upon renewing their collective resolve of making Gilgit-Baltistan a model of development, justice and equality.

Addressing a ceremony here to mark 78th Independence Day of Gilgit-Baltistan from the Dogra Rule, the president said over the last seven decades, people of Gilgit-Baltistan had marched shoulder to shoulder, with the rest of Pakistan.

“You have guarded the borders, advanced the progress and carried flag of Pakistan to the world’s highest peaks. This region is not only a crown of Pakistan but also our northern gateway; a symbol of lasting friendship with China,” he added.

The President said Karakorum Highway was a living memento to this partnership, adding the China Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) had brought new opportunities of livelihood, trade and connectivity for the people of G-B. He further emphasized that it should be their collective task that its dividends reached every valley and village, creating shared prosperity for all.

The President opined that the region offered best to the rest of the country and to the world at large.

Ex-finance minister says Gilgit-Baltistan tourism can free Pakistan from IMF bailouts

President Zardari said that freedom of Gilgit-Baltistan people also reminded them of the unfinished journey of their brothers and sisters in the Indian Illegally Occupied Jammu and Kashmir (IIOJK).

“While you enjoy liberty and rights under the flag of Pakistan, they continue to face occupation and repression. We stand with them too till they get freedom in accordance with the UNSC resolutions and their aspirations,” he added.

Terming Gilgit-Baltistan his “second home”, President Zardari said the brave people of this region gained their freedom through their own efforts and chose to join Pakistan.

He paid glowing tribute to the martyrs of the Gilgit-Baltistan freedom movement in his address at the central ceremony marking the 77th Independence Day of Gilgit-Baltistan, held here at the Army Helipad Ground.

The President said for the last 70 years, the people of Gilgit-Baltistan stood shoulder to shoulder with Pakistan. “This region is not only the crown of our heads but also a vital land route linking Pakistan with China, bringing prosperity to the nation,” he remarked. He added that November 1 is not only the Independence Day of Gilgit-Baltistan but of the entire Pakistan.

The event was attended by the governor, chief minister, members of the legislative assembly, military, civil officials and a large number of people. President Zardari also expressed his pleasure at witnessing the affection and love of the gathering and said that the region was like

a home to him. He said the history of the region had been marked with incidents of unforgettable bravery and sacrifices.

During liberation movement from Dogra Rule in 1947, 1,700 inhabitants sacrificed their lives while 30,000 other were wounded, he said, adding that they saluted them for their heroic struggle and sacrifices.

The President mentioned that the PPP governments had always focused on the progress and prosperity of the region. Shaheed Zulfikar Ali Bhutto showed affection for the Gilgit Baltistan people and in 1974, abolished FCR while princely states were brought into one single administrative unit while Shaheed Benazir Bhutto had introduced structural governance system. The PPP federal government made constitutional amendments to introduce legislative assembly, and the offices of the Governor and the Chief Minister. In democratic movement, he said the PPP workers from this region, embraced martyrdom in Karachi and Rawalpindi.

The President also underlined the need of providing facilities for education and health at every place of the region. He observed that Gilgit Baltistan was blessed with vast natural resources, including water which could be utilized for power generation, while tourism also had immense potential.

He suggested that the area could have its airlines for the promotion of tourism. The President said in India, Muslim minority was facing worst persecution at the hand of ruling majority. He praised Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah, founder of Pakistan, for the creation of a separate homeland. Chief Minister Haji Gulbar Khan, in his remarks, said that they had liberated the region from Dogra rule in 1947 and paid tributes to the shuhada of the movement. He said the residents of Gilgit Baltistan had been making valuable contributions for the country in different spheres of life. He thanked President Zardari for attending the Independence Day celebrations. He said that the PPP gave Gilgit-Baltistan its identity in 2009, for which the people would always remain grateful. The Chief Minister further said that integrating Gilgit-Baltistan into the constitutional framework without affecting the Kashmir issue would foil India's malicious designs.

He paid tribute to the martyrs of the Pakistan Armed Forces and lauded the leadership of Field Marshal General Syed Asim Munir, stating that Operation Bunyan al-Marsus has further enhanced the prestige of Gilgit-Baltistan.

President Zardari also reviewed the parade and witnessed the march past. Cultural floats representing all three divisions of Gilgit-Baltistan were also presented at the ceremony that received great applause from the participants. The event was attended by Commander X Corps Lieutenant General Ahsan Amir Nawaz, Force Commander Northern Areas Major General Syed Imtiaz Gilani, other senior civil and military officials, and a large number of citizens. Earlier, upon his arrival at Gilgit Airport, President Zardari was warmly received by Governor Gilgit-Baltistan Syed Mehdi Shah and Chief Minister Gulbar Khan.

<https://www.brecorder.com/news/40390481/zardari-spells-out-cpec-benefits-during-g-b-visit>

**November 03, 2025**

**Business Recorder**

**Chinese delegation visits boi unit**

LAHORE: A 15-member Chinese delegation, led by the Organising Committee of the China–Pakistan Safety Production Equipment Procurement Demand Matching Conference, visited the Board of Investment (BOI)’s Project Management Unit (Special Economic Zones) to explore new avenues of industrial cooperation and investment under the framework of the China–Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC).

The meeting, chaired by BOI PMU (SEZ) Director General Farah Farooq, aimed to deepen collaboration between Chinese enterprises, Pakistani ministries, and local business communities in advancing Pakistan’s industrialization agenda.

During the session, BOI officials presented Pakistan’s evolving investment landscape and highlighted the facilitation mechanisms available to investors in Special Economic Zones (SEZs).

According to Gwadar PRO, a detailed overview of operational and developing SEZs was shared, outlining opportunities for joint ventures and industrial relocation.

The Chinese delegation showed strong interest in establishing new manufacturing facilities and enhancing bilateral linkages.

The meeting concluded with an exchange of Memoranda of Understanding and joint venture proposals, reaffirming the commitment of both sides to translate discussions into concrete partnerships.

The visit aligns with the recently announced “Action Plan to Foster an Even Closer China–Pakistan Community with a Shared Future in the New Era (2025–2029)”, jointly agreed during Prime Minister Muhammad Shehbaz Sharif’s visit to China earlier this year.

Under the Action Plan, both sides have committed to advancing the development of industrial parks and demonstration projects for industrial cooperation.

China has pledged support for enterprises investing in Pakistan’s SEZs, including those in Karachi and Islamabad, through preferential policies and a more enabling business environment.

The framework also encourages third-party participation in CPEC cooperation, experience-sharing in industrial development, and collaboration in sectors such as mining and export-oriented manufacturing.

<https://www.brecorder.com/news/40390589/chinese-delegation-visits-boi-unit>

## **Pakistan eyes 2026 launch for first Chinese submarine in \$5 billion arms deal**

BEIJING: The Pakistan Navy expects its first Chinese-designed submarine to enter active service next year, the country's top admiral told Chinese state media, bolstering Beijing's bid to counter regional rival India and project power toward the Middle East.

A deal under which Islamabad will take delivery of eight Hangor-class submarines by 2028 is "progressing smoothly," Admiral Naveed Ashraf told the Global Times in an interview published on Sunday, adding the submarines would boost Pakistan's ability to patrol the North Arabian Sea and Indian Ocean.

The update on the Chinese submarine deal follows Pakistan's air force using Chinese-made J-10 fighter jets in May to shoot down an Indian Air Force Rafale aircraft, made by France.

The altercation between the nuclear-armed neighbours surprised many in the military community and raised questions over the superiority of Western hardware over Chinese alternatives.

Under the terms of the submarine agreement - reportedly worth up to \$5 billion - the first four diesel-electric attack submarines will be built in China, with the remaining vessels assembled in Pakistan to improve the South Asian nation's technical capabilities.

Pakistan has already launched three of the submarines into China's Yangtze River from a shipyard in the central province of Hubei.

"Chinese-origin platforms and equipment have been reliable, technologically advanced and well-suited to Pakistan Navy's operational requirements," Ashraf told the tabloid, which is published by the ruling Communist Party's People's Daily.

"As modern warfare evolves, emerging technologies such as unmanned systems, AI and advanced electronic warfare systems are becoming increasingly important. The Pakistan Navy is focusing on these technologies and exploring collaboration with China," Ashraf was also quoted as saying.

Islamabad has long been Beijing's top arms customer, and over the 2020-2024 period bought over 60% of China's weapons exports, data from the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute shows.

### **Billion-dollar build up**

Along with billions in arms sales, Beijing has heavily invested in building out its connections to the Arabian Sea through a 3,000 km (1864.11 miles) economic corridor stretching from China's Xinjiang to Pakistan's deep-water port of Gwadar.

The China-Pakistan Economic Corridor, part of President Xi Jinping's flagship 'Belt and Road' infrastructure initiative, aims to secure a route for the world's largest energy importer to bring in supplies from the Middle East, bypassing the Straits of Malacca — a strategic chokepoint between Malaysia and Indonesia that could be blocked in wartime.

The initiative also extends China's sphere of influence toward Afghanistan and Iran and onto Central Asia, and effectively encircles India, given Beijing's ties to the junta in Myanmar and good relations with Bangladesh.

India currently operates three indigenously developed nuclear-powered submarines, along with three classes of diesel-electric attack submarines acquired or developed over decades with France, Germany, and Russia.

“This cooperation (with China) goes beyond hardware; it reflects a shared strategic outlook, mutual trust, and a long-standing partnership,” Ashraf said.

“In the coming decade, we expect this relationship to grow, encompassing not only shipbuilding and training, but also enhanced interoperability, research, technology sharing and industrial collaboration.”

<https://www.brecorder.com/news/40390615/pakistan-eyes-2026-launch-for-first-chinese-submarine-in-5-billion-arms-deal>

## Jang News

### چائنہ کو دو سپیشل اکنامک زون آفر کئے ہیں، احسن اقبال

کراچی (ٹی وی رپورٹ) وفاقی وزیر برائے منصوبہ بندی احسن اقبال نے کہا ہے کہ چائنہ کو دو اسپیشل اکنامک زون آفر کئے گئے ہیں اس کے لئے ان کی ٹیکنالوجی ٹیم آکر جائزہ لے گی۔ وزیر اعلیٰ کے پی کا قومی اجلاسوں میں شرکت نہ کرنا غلط پیغام دیتا ہے سی پیک فیز ون سے متعلق پی ٹی آئی حکومت کے بیانات کی وجہ سے چین میں بداعتمادی پیدا ہوئی سی پیک فیز ٹو کا آغاز 26 ستمبر سے ہو چکا ہے۔

ان خیالات کا اظہار انہوں نے جیو نیوز کے پروگرام 'جرگہ' میں میزبان سلیم صافی سے کیا۔ احسن اقبال نے مزید کہا کہ اگر ہم لانگ مارچ اور انتشار کی سیاست کریں گے تو سرمایہ کار پاکستان کا رخ نہیں کریں گے ملک کو مستحکم بنانے کیلئے ایوزیشن کو بھی ذمہ داری کا مظاہرہ کرنا چاہئے گوادرن میں ترقیاتی کام جاری ہیں معمولی رکاوٹیں بلوچستان کی صورتحال کے باعث ہیں۔

احسن اقبال نے واضح کیا کہ خیبر پختونخوا کے حصے کے مکمل فنڈز دیئے جا رہے ہیں اور وفاق کسی کے ساتھ امتیازی سلوک نہیں کر رہا۔ جبکہ ٹی ایل پی سے متعلق کہا کہ یہ اپنے سیاسی مقاصد کیلئے دیئے لوگوں کو تشدد پر اکساتے ہیں۔ وفاقی وزیر برائے منصوبہ بندی احسن اقبال نے کہا کہ سی پیک فیز ٹو کا باقاعدہ آغاز چھبیس ستمبر سے ہوا ہے اس کی اہم بات یہ ہے کہ سی پیک فیز ون جو بہت زیادہ انفراسٹرکچر پر فوکس تھا ہم پر کرپشن کے الزامات لگائے گئے اور پی ٹی آئی حکومت کے تین وزراء کے بیانات کو بنیاد بنا کر امریکہ کے اسسٹنٹ سیکرٹری آف اسٹیٹ نے پریس کانفرنس کی کہ یہ بیلٹ اینڈ روڈ سب قرضوں کا منصوبہ ہے اس سے پھر چین کے اندر بددلی اور بد اعتمادی پیدا ہوئی اس کا نتیجہ یہ نکلا کہ کئی ہزار کی تعداد میں جو چینی سرمایہ کار پاکستان متوجہ تھے وہ رفتہ رفتہ دوسرے ممالک چلے گئے تاہم 2022 کے بعد ہم نے چین سے دوبارہ اعتماد بحال کرنا شروع کیا جس کے نتیجے میں سی پیک فیز ٹو میں پانچ کوریڈورز کا اعلان کیا ہے جس میں پہلا گروتھ دوسرا سوشل اکنامک پراجیکٹس کرنے کا ہے اور تیسرا اے آئی اور ڈیجیٹل ٹیکنالوجی میں استفادہ کیا جائے گا چوتھا گرین اینرجی ہے اور پانچویں چیز اوپن ریجنل ڈیولپمنٹ ہے کہ کس طرح پاکستان اور چین اس فریم ورک کو خطے کیساتھ کیسے جوڑیں گے کچھ منصوبوں کا آغاز ہو چکا ہے کچھ کا ہونے والا ہے البتہ فیز ٹو مین بیوی انفراسٹرکچر نہیں ہے۔

<https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/982781>

**November 04, 2025**

**Daily Times**

**Pakistan exhibitors tap global markets at 138th Canton Fair**

The third and final phase of the 138th China Import and Export Fair, popularly known as the Canton Fair, commenced on October 31st in Guangzhou, with a contingent of 19 Pakistani exhibitors organized by the Trade Development Authority of Pakistan (TDAP).

This phase of the fair is themed “Better Life” and showcases a wide array of products aimed at enhancing modern living. Pakistani companies have effectively tapped into this theme by presenting a compelling range of export-quality goods including home textiles, sports goods, leather products and surgical instruments. Their booths have been successful in attracting a great number of international buyers, generating promising business inquiries.

As one of the world’s largest B2B exhibition platforms, the Canton Fair attracts buyers and participants from virtually every country and region, serving as a critical barometer of global trade trends and a hub for international sourcing, CEN reported.

Muhammad Imran, Trade & Investment Counsellor (TIC) of Pakistan in Guangzhou, highlighted the strategic importance of the event. “The Canton Fair provides an unparalleled opportunity for our exporters to connect with the international market,” he stated. “The positive response to our diverse product range here is highly encouraging and is expected to contribute significantly towards expanding Pakistan’s export basket.”

The 138th Canton Fair, which began on October 15 and will run until November 4, is structured in three phases, each focusing on a different product category.

The current phase of the fair features more than 12,000 exhibitors. It is comprehensively organized into five sections: Fashion, Home Textiles, Toys, Maternity and Infant Products, Stationery, and Health and Leisure. These are spread across 21 exhibition zones, occupying a massive exhibition area of 515,000 square meters with approximately 25,000 booths.

<https://dailytimes.com.pk/1394671/pakistan-exhibitors-tap-global-markets-at-138th-canton-fair/>

**Dawn News**

**Pakistan eyes 2026 launch of first Chinese submarine**

Part of \$5bn arms deal, move will boost Beijing’s bid to counter India

Islamabad will get eight Hangor-class submarines by 2028

BEIJING: The Pakistan Navy expects its first Chinese-designed submarine to enter active service next year, the country’s top admiral told Chinese state media, bolstering Beijing’s bid to counter regional rival India and project power toward the Middle East.

A deal under which Islamabad will take delivery of eight Hangor-class submarines by 2028 is “progressing smoothly”, Chief of the Naval Staff Admiral Naveed Ashraf told the Global

Times in an interview, adding that the submarines would boost Pakistan's ability to patrol the North Arabian Sea and Indian Ocean.

The update on the Chinese submarine deal follows the Pakistan Air Force using Chinese-made J-10 fighter jets in May to shoot down an Indian Air Force Rafale aircraft, made by France.

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Pakistan has already launched three of the submarines into China's Yangtze River from a shipyard in the central province of Hubei.

“Chinese-origin platforms and equipment have been reliable, technologically advanced and well-suited to Pakistan Navy's operational requirements,” Admiral Ashraf told the newspaper, which is published by the ruling Communist Party's People's Daily.

“As modern warfare evolves, emerging technologies such as unmanned systems, AI and advanced electronic warfare systems are becoming increasingly important. The Pakistan Navy is focusing on these technologies and exploring collaboration with China,” Admiral Ashraf was also quoted as saying. Islamabad has long been Beijing's top arms customer, and over the 2020-2024 period bought over 60 per cent of China's weapons exports, data from the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute shows.

#### Billion-dollar build up

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## Jang News

### اسی پیک کا دوسرا مرحلہ

شابد حسین بخاری

گزشتہ دنوں ہونے والی اسلام آباد میں دو روزہ ریجنل ٹرانسپورٹ منسٹرز کانفرنس کے انعقاد کا وقت اور کانفرنس میں شریک ملکوں کی 20 سے زیادہ تعداد دونوں اہمیت کے حامل ہیں۔ علاقائی ملکوں کی سفارشات اور تجاویز سامنے آنے میں وقت لگ سکتا ہے مگر وزیراعظم شہباز شریف کا اختتامی اجلاس سے خطاب واضح کر رہا ہے کہ چائنہ پاکستان اکنامک کارپوریشن کا دوسرا مرحلہ دراصل اس قدیم شاہراہ ریشم کی فعالیت کی صورت میں سامنے آ رہا ہے جو پہلے بھی خطے کی (cpec) ترقی و خوشحالی کا ذریعہ سمجھی جاتی تھی اور اب ایسی سہولتوں کے ساتھ سامنے آ رہی ہے جس میں تجارتی مال کے آمد و رفت کے وقت اور فاصلے سکڑ رہے ہیں لاگت کم ہو رہی ہے اور تحفظ کا احساس فزوں تر ہے۔ ایک علاقائی کانفرنس میں 20 سے زیادہ ملکوں کی شرکت معمولی بات نہیں، بلکہ اس احساس کا واضح اظہار ہے کہ خطے کی قسمت بدلنے کا وقت آچکا ہے۔ سی پیک کے پہلے مرحلے میں زیادہ توجہ بنیادی ڈھانچے پر تھی شاہراہوں، بندرگاہوں، بجلی گھروں اور توانائی کے منصوبوں پر کام ہوا۔ گوادر بندرگاہ کی تیاری، قراقرم ہائی وے کی توسیع اور بجلی کی کمی کی صورتحال پر قابو پانے کے اقدامات بروئے کار لائے گئے۔ چند برسوں میں بجلی کی پیداوار میں اضافہ ہوا، شاہراہوں اور موٹر ویز کا جال بچھایا گیا ملک کے دور دراز علاقوں کو مرکزی شہروں سے جوڑا گیا۔ یہ مرحلہ ملکی معیشت میں جان ڈالنے، لگ بھگ دو لاکھ افراد کو روزگار فراہم کرنے، صنعتوں کو نئی زندگی دینے، سرمایہ کاری کے نئے دور سے عبارت ہے۔ چینی سرمایہ کاری کے ساتھ ٹیکنالوجی اور تجربے کی بھی پاکستان کو منتقلی کا ذریعہ یہ مرحلہ بنا۔ ایسے وقت میں کہ ملک بجلی کے سنگین بحران سے دوچار تھا، موٹر ویز ادھوری تھیں شمالی اور جنوبی پاکستان کے درمیان آمد و رفت دشوار تر تھی سی پیک منصوبے کے تحت انفر اسٹرکچر پر بھرپور کام ہوا۔ سٹائیس بڑے منصوبے شروع کئے گئے جن میں زیادہ تر 2020ء تک مکمل ہو گئے۔ توانائی کے 14 منصوبوں میں تقریباً دس ہزار میگا واٹ بجلی قومی گرڈ میں شامل ہوئی۔ شاہراہوں کے 6 منصوبوں کے تحت تقریباً 1100 کلومیٹر سڑکیں اور موٹر ویز تعمیر ہوئیں۔ گوادر بندرگاہ اور فری زون کی تعمیر و کی اپ گریڈیشن کی تیاری مکمل کی گئی۔ بلوچستان میں گوادر، مکران (ml-1) فعالیت میں اہم پیشرفت ہوئی، ریلوے لائن کو سٹیل ہائی وے اور بجلی پیدا کرنے کے منصوبوں کے ذریعے مقامی روزگار و ترقی میں بڑھوتری نمایاں ہوئی۔ جنوبی پنجاب اور خیبر پختونخوا میں سڑکوں، توانائی کے منصوبوں اور صنعتی زونز سے معاشی سرگرمی میں اضافہ ہوا۔ اب سی پیک کے دوسرے مرحلے کا باضابطہ آغاز کیا جاچکا ہے تو اس کا واضح مفہوم یہ ہے کہ ابتدائی تیاریوں اور اسٹرکچر سمیت ایسی مضبوط بنیاد قائم ہوچکی ہے جس پر دوسرے مرحلے کی شاندار، باوقار اور مستحکم عمارت کی تعمیر کا کام تیزی سے آگے بڑھتا نظر آنے لگا۔ سی پیک کا دوسرا مرحلہ صنعتی، زرعی اور سماجی ترقی کا دورہوگا، اب توجہ انفرادی اسٹرکچر سے آگے بڑھ کر عوامی فلاح، روزگار اور برآمدات کے فروغ پر خصوصی اقتصادی زونز، ٹیکنالوجی پارکس، تعلیم و تربیت کے منصوبے اس کا مرکزی حصہ ہیں یہ مرحلہ پائیدار ترقی اور خودکفالت کی طرف پیش قدمی کا مرحلہ ہے۔ انسانی وسائل کی ترقی کے اس دور کیلئے پیشہ ورانہ ادارے اور صنعتی ترقی کے مراکز متعارف ہو رہے ہیں۔ جبکہ زراعت کے جدید طریقے بھی بروئے کار لائے جائیں گے۔

میں کام شروع ہوچکا ہے جن میں رشکنی، (sfzs) دوسرے مرحلے کے تحت اب تک چار خصوصی اقتصادی زونز دہایبجی، علامہ اقبال انڈسٹریل سٹی اور بوستان شامل ہیں۔ مشینری کی تنصیب سمیت 80 فیصد کام مکمل ہوچکا ہے۔ ساتھ ہی ملک گیر ڈیجیٹل نیٹ ورک کے تحت 2500 کلومیٹر فائبر آپٹک کیبل بچھائی جاچکی ہے۔ گوادر میں نیا ہوائی اڈہ، ووکیشنل انسٹیٹیوٹ اور پانی کی صفائی کا نظام تیار ہو رہا ہے۔ نوجوانوں کے لئے تربیتی مراکز نہ صرف پہلے متعارف ہوچکے ہیں بلکہ پاکستانی طلبہ کو چینی جامعات میں اسکالر شپس کے تحت جدید علوم سے لیس کرنے کا سلسلہ اس دوسرے مرحلے میں بھی جاری رہے گا۔ سب سے اہم بات یہ ہے کہ سی پیک منصوبے کے پہلے مرحلے میں چین (کاشغر یا سنکیانگ) تک تیل یا دوسرا سامان لانے یا لیجانے کا فاصلہ جو پہلے تقریباً 13 ہزار کلومیٹر تھا، اب صرف تین ہزار کلومیٹر رہ گیا ہے۔ پہلے بحری جہازوں کے ذریعے جس سامان کے لانے یا لیجانے میں 25 سے 30 دن لگتے تھے اب ٹرک یا پائپ لائن کے ذریعے اس کی ترسیل صرف 4 تا 5 دن تک محدود ہوگئی ہے۔ اس سے جہاں چین کے ایندھن اور سامان کی ترسیل کے اخراجات میں 60 تا 70 فیصد کمی ہوئی وہاں پاکستان کی گوادر بندرگاہ کی اہمیت بڑھ گئی ہے۔ سی پیک سے فائدہ اٹھانے والے دوسرے ممالک کو بھی اخراجات اور وقت کے اسراف میں کمی کے ساتھ احساس تحفظ بھی ہوا۔ آنے والے وقتوں میں گوادر اور کراچی کے علاوہ مزید بندرگاہوں کی تعمیر کی ضرورت ہوگی۔ راہداری فیس کی وصولی اور تجارتی سرگرمیوں سے پاکستان کو غیر معمولی فوائد متوقع ہیں۔ یہ منصوبہ بلاشبہ پاکستانی معیشت کے حوالے سے گیم چینجر ثابت ہوگا۔ مگر اس حقیقت کو بہر طور سامنے رکھنا ضروری ہے کہ ہر قیمتی چیز کی طرح ہمیں اپنے قیمتی محل وقوع اور قیمتی سی پیک منصوبوں کی حفاظت کے حوالے سے ہر لمحے مستعد رہنا ہوگا۔ اس باب میں کسی کو بھی کسی عنوان سے کوئی بھی

رعایت دینے کی گنجائش نہیں۔ سی پیک منصوبہ اب کتابی اعداد و شمار سے نکل کر عملی حقائق کا روپ دھار رہا ہے تو ہمیں نہ صرف ہر طرح سے اس کی کامیابی یقینی بنانے کے لئے مستعد رہنا ہوگا۔ بلکہ یہ پہلو ملحوظ رکھنا ہوگا کہ اس کی حفاظت کے تقاضوں کے حوالے سے بھی کسی اعتبار سے نرمی کی کوئی گنجائش نہیں۔

<https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/983065>

**ارہوں ڈالر کا منصوبہ ، پہلی چینی آبدوز آئندہ برس پاک بحریہ کے بیڑے میں شامل ہوجائیگی**  
اسلام آباد ( نمائندہ خصوصی ) نیول چیف ایڈمرل نوید اشرف نے کہا ہے کہ پہلی چینی آبدوز آئندہ برس پاک بحریہ کے بیڑے میں شامل ہوجائیگی۔ چینی سرکاری میڈیا کو انٹرویو دیتے ہوئے ایڈمرل نوید اشرف نے کہا کہ مصنوعی ذہانت، بغیرپائلٹ نظام اور الیکٹرانک وارفیئر میں چین سے تعاون بڑھا رہے ہیں، چینی دفاعی سازو سامان قابل اعتماد اور جدید ثابت ہوا ہے۔ انہوں نے کہا کہ چین کی ڈیزائن کردہ آبدوزیں 5 ارب ڈالر مالیت کے 8 ہنگورکلاس آبدوزوں کے معاہدے کا حصہ ہیں جو 2028 تک پاکستان کے بیڑے میں شامل ہوں گی۔ نیول چیف کا کہنا تھا کہ 4 آبدوزیں چین اور باقی پاکستان میں اسمبل ہونگی تاکہ مقامی تکنیکی صلاحیت بڑھائی جاسکے، یہ آبدوزیں بحیرہ عرب اور بحر ہند میں پاکستان کی نگرانی اور دفاعی صلاحیت بڑھائیں گی۔

<https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/983247>

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**Business Recorder**

**CPC 4th plenary session its impact on China Pakistan relations**

*Zhao Shiren*

The 20th Central Committee of the Communist Party of China concluded its fourth plenary session successfully in Beijing on October 23, marking a significant milestone and defining moment in China's ongoing evolution of governance and global engagement, and carrying the Chinese modernization forward.

The Plenum, deliberated and adopted the recommendations for the 15th Five-Year Plan to be presented to the National People's Congress Session coming March, and produced a Communiqué identifying key targets and priority areas for reforms and opening up, outlining the goals of building a socialist market economy over the next five years, and calling for further deepening reforms comprehensively to shape the future trajectory of China's development. By 2035, China is set to build a high-standard socialist market economy in all respects, further improve the system of socialism with Chinese characteristics, generally modernize the system and capacity for governance, and basically achieve socialist modernization. These efforts will lay a solid foundation for building China into a great modern socialist country by the mid-century.

The Plenum conducted an in-depth analysis of the complex environment China will face during the next five-year period, where strategic opportunities exist alongside risks and challenges, while uncertainties and unforeseen factors are rising. It emphasized the instrumental role comprehensive reforms and opening up can play to navigate the complexities.

Highlighting the CPC's mandate on and commitment to strengthening socialism with Chinese characteristics, the Plenum pointed out that the Chinese economy is on solid foundations, demonstrating advantages in many areas, strong resilience, and great potential. It aimed to

push ahead with all-round economic reforms, enhance democratic governance, foster a strong socialist culture, build a strong military, improve people's livelihoods and advance its global outreach.

The Plenum set major objectives for China's socioeconomic development in next five years: significant achievements in high-quality development; substantial progress in scientific and technological advancement; fresh breakthroughs in further deepening reforms comprehensively; notable cultural and ethical improvement across society; further betterment in quality of life; major strides in building the Beautiful China Initiative; and strengthening the national security shield. It pledged to improve the institutions and mechanisms for fostering new quality productive forces in line with national conditions, promoting full integration between the real economy and the digital economy, developing the service sector, modernizing infrastructure, and enhancing the resilience and security of industrial and supply chains.

The Plenum stated that advanced manufacturing should remain the backbone of the economy and defined major strategic plans in 12 areas, providing top-level design for socioeconomic development 2026-2030.

The Plenum announced that the Party and Government of China will bank on further innovation, sustainable development and building a unified domestic market as key to the country's future growth. It stressed that education, science and technology are the basic fabric of and strategic underpinnings for the Chinese modernization, and stated that the country must adopt holistic approach and innovation-driven strategy, nurture a quality workforce, making coordinated efforts to leverage the latest tech revolution to its growth.

The plenary session also called for promoting green development through carbon reduction, pollution mitigation, and improvement of environmental governance systems and low-carbon development mechanisms, aiming to achieve the peak carbon by 2030 and carbon neutrality by 2060, making the green economy a major engine of growth.

On foreign trade and external relations, the CPC moot sent out a positive signal that China will continue to share development opportunities with all countries in the world for mutual benefit and win-win outcomes. It reiterated that China is dedicated to promoting the Belt and Road cooperation, safeguarding the multilateral trading system, and striving for an equal and orderly multipolar world and universally beneficial and inclusive economic globalization.

The CPC session stated that, by carrying out deepening institutional-level reforms comprehensively and high-standard opening up, and implementing the Four Major Global Initiatives on development, security, civilization and governance, China is to build a community with a shared future for humanity. And the Chinese modernization works for 1.4 billion Chinese and is for peaceful development and shared prosperity for all, aiming at both material and spiritual-cultural progress and harmony between humanity and nature.

The 15th Five-Year Plan recommendations, together with the ongoing Chinese modernization, will have a positive impact on the development of China-Pakistan relations. As an All-Weather Strategic Cooperative Partner, Pakistan is entitled to benefit from this.

The Action plan to foster an even closer China-Pakistan community with a shared future in the new era (2025-2029), signed by the two governments lately, is perfectly aligned with the key areas and development priorities defined by the 4th Plenum of the CPC, which is bound to open up new avenues and broad prospects for strategic coordination and practical cooperation between the two countries.

Building a modern Chinese industrial system and accelerating rural and agricultural modernization in line with the 15th Five-Year Plan, dovetail with the key cooperation areas of the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor.

The two countries will work closer to promote industrial development, special economic zones, agricultural mechanization and mineral exploration.

<https://www.brecorder.com/news/40390903/cpc-4th-plenary-session-its-impact-on-china-pakistan-relations>

### **Daily Times**

#### **Pakistan, China reaffirm resolve to deepen all-weather partnership**

DOHA – President Asif Ali Zardari held a bilateral meeting with Vice President of China Han Zheng on Wednesday, reaffirming the two countries’ commitment to strengthening their all-weather strategic cooperative partnership founded on mutual trust, respect, and a shared vision for regional peace and prosperity.

The meeting took place on the sidelines of the Second World Summit for Social Development in Doha, where both leaders agreed to maintain close coordination on matters of mutual interest at regional and international platforms.

President Zardari recalled his recent visit to China and described Pakistan and China as “iron brothers” and all-weather partners. He expressed gratitude for Beijing’s steadfast support to Pakistan in times of challenge, emphasizing that friendship with China remains the cornerstone of Pakistan’s foreign policy.

The president also lauded China’s continued cooperation in the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), noting that the project had entered its second phase of high-quality development, bringing new opportunities in connectivity, industrial growth, and energy cooperation.

Vice President Han Zheng conveyed warm greetings from President Xi Jinping and reaffirmed the enduring strength of the Pakistan-China friendship. He praised Pakistan’s role in combating terrorism and promoting regional peace and stability. Han Zheng reiterated China’s commitment to supporting Pakistan’s economic development through the second phase of CPEC, with a focus on transport infrastructure, information technology, agriculture, and vocational training. The meeting was also attended by First Lady Bibi Aseefa Bhutto Zardari, Chairman PPP Bilawal Bhutto Zardari, and Pakistan’s Ambassador to Qatar, reflecting the significance of the engagement in strengthening bilateral relations.

<https://dailytimes.com.pk/1395366/pakistan-china-reaffirm-resolve-to-deepen-all-weather-partnership/>

**K2 Daily**

غربت کو کم کرنے میں مدد ملے گی۔ وفاقی وزیر قیصر احمد شیخ نے ان شکایات کا اظہار پانسی ادارہ برائے پائیدار ترقی (ایس ڈی پی آئی) کے زیر اہتمام 28 ویں پائیدار ترقی کانفرنس سے خطاب کے دوران کیا۔ انہوں نے کہا کہ حکومت نے ملک کو معاشی استحکام کی راہ پر گامزن کیا ہے اور وزیر اعظم شہباز شریف کی قیادت میں وفاقی حکومت نے گزشتہ تین ماہ کے دوران معیشت سمیت مختلف شعبوں میں کئی نمایاں کامیابیاں حاصل کی ہیں۔ وفاقی وزیر نے کہا کہ پاکستان کو پیداواری صلاحیت بڑھانے کی ضرورت ہے اور حکومت براہ راست غیر ملکی سرمایہ کاری (ایف ڈی آئی) کے فروغ کیلئے جامع حکمت عملی کے تحت کوشاں ہے۔ وفاقی وزیر نے مزید کہا کہ پاکستان میں گزشتہ مالی سال کے دوران 2.5 ارب ڈالر کی براہ راست غیر ملکی سرمایہ کاری کی گئی ہے۔ انہوں نے کہا کہ پاکستان کو چین کی ترقی سے سیکھنا چاہئے۔ قیصر احمد شیخ نے کہا کہ چین کی ترقی میں جامع منصوبہ بندی نے بنیادی اور بڑا اہم کردار ادا کیا ہے۔ وفاقی وزیر نے کہا کہ بھارت کے ساتھ حالیہ تنازعہ کے بعد عالمی سطح پر پاکستان کے وقار میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ وفاقی وزیر سرمایہ کاری اور انڈسٹری نے کہا کہ ملک میں باہمی اہتمام معاشی ترقی میں اہم کردار ادا کر سکتا ہے۔ منصوبہ بندی کھلیں پاکستان کی پائیدار ترقی کیلئے منصوبہ بندی تیار کر سکتا ہے۔ انہوں نے کہا کہ ملک میں غربت کی شرح کو کم کرنے کیلئے چین کے اقدامات اور تجربات سے استفادہ کیا جا سکتا ہے۔ وفاقی وزیر سرمایہ کاری اور انڈسٹری نے مزید کہا کہ چین نامی پین اور ڈیولپمنٹ ایلیٹ برآمدات کے فروغ سے روزگار کی فراہمی کے مواقع میں خاطر خواہ اضافہ کیا جا سکتا ہے

**پاکستان کو چین کی ترقی سے سیکھنا چاہئے، قیصر شیخ**  
**غربت کم کرنے کیلئے پاکستان کو ڈیولپمنٹ ایلیٹ برآمدات کو بڑھانا ہوگا**  
**گزشتہ مالی سال کے دوران 2.5 ارب ڈالر کی براہ راست غیر ملکی سرمایہ کاری کی**  
 اسلام آباد (آئی این پی) وفاقی وزیر سرمایہ کاری اور ڈیولپمنٹ ایلیٹ برآمدات کو بڑھانا ہوگا ڈیولپمنٹ ایلیٹ برآمدات سے استفادہ کیا جا سکتا ہے۔ (باقی صفحہ 3 بجے نمبر 14)

[https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP\\_Karachi&Page=Back\\_Page&Date=2025-11-05](https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP_Karachi&Page=Back_Page&Date=2025-11-05)

[https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP\\_Karachi&Page=Baqia&Date=2025-11-05](https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP_Karachi&Page=Baqia&Date=2025-11-05)

**November 06, 2025**

**Daily Times****Pakistan to revamp PARC under Chinese-backed plan**

Pakistan is moving ahead with a major restructuring of the Pakistan Agricultural Research Council (PARC) under a Strategic Reform and Cooperation Plan developed with China's Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs (MARA) and the Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences (CAAS), Gwadar Pro reported on Wednesday.

The plan aims to modernise PARC's operations, strengthen agricultural research capacity, and align Pakistan's food security efforts with global scientific standards.

As per details, the reform framework proposes turning PARC into an innovation-driven institution through the creation of Technology Transfer Units across major research centres, a

National Agricultural Technology Transfer Centre, and regional demonstration hubs. These measures are intended to improve farmers' productivity through wider technology adoption and value addition in agriculture.

A high-level meeting chaired by Federal Minister for National Food Security and Research Rana Tanveer Hussain on October 31 reviewed the Chinese-backed proposal.

PARC Chairman Dr Syed Murtaza Hassan Andrabi briefed participants on a joint study by MARA and CAAS, which examined the performance and capacity of PARC, the National Agricultural Research Centre and affiliated institutes.

Rana said the government would implement the recommendations "in letter and spirit" to make PARC a hub of agricultural advancement. He directed the formation of a high-level implementation committee to oversee execution with defined milestones and accountability mechanisms.

The reform aligns with the broader Action Plan to Foster an Even Closer China-Pakistan Community with a Shared Future in the New Era (2025-2029), which promotes cooperation in crop cultivation, livestock development, seed technology, drip irrigation and agro-processing.

The overhaul of PARC is seen as a key step toward building a technology-driven agricultural partnership under the China-Pakistan cooperation framework, the report added.

<https://dailytimes.com.pk/1395618/pakistan-to-revamp-parc-under-chinese-backed-plan/>

### **Dawn News**

#### **Experts for recalibrating CPEC initiative**

*Iftikhar A. Khan*

ISLAMABAD: Experts have called for recalibrating the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) initiative to better address underlying causes for conflict and underdevelopment in the country and foster sustainable peace and development. They said that challenges related to transparency, governance, and security continued to hinder the effective execution of CPEC. These views were expressed at an international roundtable conference: "Strategic Corridors: CPEC and the Quest for Peace and Stability in Pakistan and the Region", held at a local hotel. The Islamabad-based Pak Institute for Peace Studies (PIPS) in collaboration with Peace Research Institute Oslo (PRIO) organised the moot. The event brought together academics, diplomats, lawmakers, journalists, and peace and development experts from China, Norway and Pakistan. Dr Arne Strand of the Chr. Michelsen Institute (CMI), Norway, opened the discussion by explaining a link between peace and development. He called for taking the people-centric projects forward under CPEC. "Is there a need for adjustments to CPEC to better address underlying causes for conflict and underdevelopment (in Pakistan)," he posed a question to the participants. Dr Zhang Jiegen, associate professor at the Center for South Asian Studies in Fudan University, China, emphasised the need for exploring the potential of CPEC to bring peace, stability and development not only in Pakistan but also for the entire region. <https://www.dawn.com/news/1953369/experts-for-recalibrating-cpec-initiative>



A renowned aerospace expert, Yu Jun, has revealed that China has a plan B for the safe return of their astronauts if the authorities conclude that the damaged space vehicle is too risky to bring back.

The science blogger, known online as Steed's Scarf, said a backup return vehicle could be launched from Earth, with Shenzhou-22 and the Long March 2F (launcher) already on standby.

Talking to his five million followers on Weibo, Yun Jun said, "This is our rolling back mechanism. In an emergency duty mode, a plan is already in place to bring the astronauts back home safely."

China's Tiangong space station is the only space station operated by one country only.

It was launched after the United States (U.S.) passed a law barring the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) from bilateral cooperation with China.

Tiangong can host three astronauts at a time, however, there are now six as the replacement crew reached before the finding about the damaged return capsule.

<https://www.thenews.com.pk/latest/1356302-china-to-activate-plan-b-for-astronauts-stranded-on-tiangong-space-station>

**November 08, 2025**

**Business Recorder**

### **Meeting with PCDMA panel: CG China for enhancing bilateral trade, investment**

KARACHI: In a significant move towards enhancing bilateral trade and investment, the Consul General of China in Karachi, HE Yang Yundong, has expressed his desire to further strengthen trade relations with Pakistan and enhance bilateral trade through mutual cooperation.

The Consul General made these remarks during a meeting with a delegation led by Salim Vali muhammad, Chairman of the Pakistan Chemicals & Dyes Merchants Association (PCDMA), at the Chinese Consulate.

The meeting marked a major milestone in furthering economic ties between the two nations, with agreements on several crucial initiatives, including the expansion of the Pakistan-China Free Trade Agreement (FTA) and the organization of a China Solo Exhibition and an Investment Summit in Karachi. These initiatives are aimed at boosting trade, fostering investment, and opening new avenues for collaboration.

The PCDMA delegation, which included Vice Chairman Shariq Feroze, Convener of Diplomatic Affairs Nasiruddin Fatah Kukda, Executive Committee Member Yahya Arshad, former Chairman Abdul Rashid Khatri, Kamran Riaz, former Vice Chairmen Nadeem Aftab, Advisor Diplomatic Affairs Shahid Bashir, and Saleem Mukati, presented a range of proposals to strengthen industrial and trade relations.

The Chinese Envoy lauded the delegation's proposals and offered full support to the initiatives aimed at boosting bilateral economic cooperation. Yang Yundong assured the delegation that PCDMA members would be granted priority for visas, facilitating smoother business exchanges.

He assured that additional items would be included in the FTA, particularly in the chemicals & dyes sectors, to further expand trade between Pakistan and China.

During the meeting, Chairman Salim Valimhammad highlighted the urgent need for a China Solo Exhibition to be hosted in Karachi, where Chinese businesses could showcase their products and engage with local industry players. The Consul General agreed to work closely with the PCDMA to ensure the prompt organization of this high-profile event.

Additionally, the delegation agreed on the need for a China Investment Summit in Karachi, aimed at attracting Chinese investors to Pakistan's rapidly growing industrial sectors.

PCDMA Chairman also stressed the need to include more items related to the dyes & chemicals sector in the FTA's scope, specifically chapters 28, 29, and 32.

These sectors are vital to Pakistan's economy, and expanding the FTA to include them would provide a significant boost to bilateral trade. The Consul General confirmed that the Chinese Consulate would coordinate with the Chinese Embassy in Islamabad to facilitate these changes.

In conclusion, Salim Valimhammad expressed his gratitude to Consul General Yang Yundong for his unwavering support and collaboration. He emphasized that the agreements reached during the meeting would mark the beginning of a new era of economic partnership between Pakistan and China, one that would benefit both nations' business communities and contribute to a substantial increase in trade volumes.

"The initiatives we have discussed today are just the beginning of a deeper, more productive collaboration between our countries. We look forward to seeing tangible results in the coming months, with expanded trade, increased Chinese investment, and strengthened industrial cooperation," said Valimhammad.

The meeting concluded on a positive note, with both sides reaffirming their commitment to working together to unlock the full potential of the Pakistan-China economic partnership.

<https://www.brecorder.com/news/40391464/meeting-with-pcdma-panel-cg-china-for-enhancing-bilateral-trade-investment>

### **Dawn News**

#### **Chinese embassy hosts Sangam Gala**

ISLAMABAD: The Chinese embassy hosted the Sangam Gala 2025 on Friday which was attended by Chinese Ambassador Jiang Zaidong, Federal Minister for Investment Qaiser Ahmed Sheikh and former senator Mushahid Hussain Sayed, chairman of the Pakistan-China Institute.

The event also brought together representatives from Punjab, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Sindh and Balochistan.

Participants represented a wide range of sectors, including government, political parties, religious communities, think tanks and media, covering all age groups.

During the sessions, guests engaged in extensive exchanges, sharing updates on their respective countries' development, recounting heartwarming stories of China-Pakistan friendship, and discussing prospects for future cooperation.

Both sides agreed that the ongoing modernisation efforts in China and Pakistan have opened up broad avenues for collaboration. Both sides reaffirmed their commitment to carry forward the ironclad friendship, deepen practical cooperation and work together to create a brighter shared future.

<https://www.dawn.com/news/1953754/chinese-embassy-hosts-sangam-gala>

### **Jang News**

#### **پاک چین دوستی، دل چھولنے والی کہانیاں**

اسلام آباد (طاہر خلیل) پاکستان میں چین کے سفارت خانے کی جانب سے سنگم گالا 2025 کا انعقاد کیا۔ اس موقع پر چین کے سفیر جیانگ زائی ڈونگ، وفاقی وزیر برائے سرمایہ کاری قیصر احمد شیخ، پاکستان چائنا انسٹیٹیوٹ کے چیئرمین سینیٹر مشاہد حسین سید اور وزیر مملکت برائے ماحولیاتی تبدیلی و ماحولیاتی ہم آہنگی ڈاکٹر شزرا منصب علی خان کھرال نے شرکت کی۔ اس پروگرام میں پنجاب، خیبر پختونخوا، سندھ اور بلوچستان سے تعلق رکھنے والے نمائندے شریک ہوئے۔ شرکاء کا تعلق حکومت، سیاسی جماعتوں، مذہبی کمیونٹیز، تھنک ٹینکس اور میڈیا سمیت مختلف شعبوں سے تھا۔ اجلاس کے دوران شرکاء نے چین اور پاکستان میں ہونے والی ترقی کے بارے میں معلومات کا تبادلہ کیا، چین پاکستان دوستی کی دل کو چھو لینے والی کہانیاں بیان کیں اور مستقبل میں تعاون کے امکانات پر گفتگو کی۔ دونوں جانب سے اس بات پر اتفاق کیا گیا کہ چین اور پاکستان میں جاری جدیدیت کے عمل نے تعاون کے وسیع مواقع فراہم کیے ہیں۔ خاص طور پر چین کے پندرہویں پانچ سالہ منصوبے میں پیش کردہ تجاویز—جس میں مشترکہ مستقبل کی حامل انسانیت کی کمیونٹی کی تعمیر، بیلٹ اینڈ روڈ کے اعلیٰ معیار کے تعاون کو فروغ دینا اور اعلیٰ سطح کی بیرونی کھلے پن کو بڑھانا شامل ہے۔

<https://e.jang.com.pk/detail/985332>

**November 09, 2025**

### **The Nation**

#### **China's secret to progress: the power of nationalism and cultural integration**

*Khawar Abbas Sandhu*

Lahore - The secret to China's unprecedented development is the nationalism of the Chinese people.

With 56 ethnic groups, the second largest population lives together, over 300 languages and dialects spoken, celebrations usually follow the Chinese lunar calendar, everybody has a Chinese Zodiac animal, chinese cuisine is among the most varied in the world, and only one time zone, actually all this forms the big family of the Chinese nation.

These statistics create questions, how do they manage it?

On one hand, Western propaganda and on the other hand, a civilisation that is more than five thousand years old is still telling us how to deal with the challenges facing the world today.

China has beautifully combined technology and innovation with its culture, which has simultaneously enriched the Chinese lifestyle with world-class amenities, along with new innovations, and has proven to be extremely effective in promoting its civilisation.

The Chinese government, led by president Xi Jinping, has turned the fruits of its development to all countries under the “Shared Future Strategy” and at the same time has declared its culture as the bloodline and spiritual Bond of the nation.

President Xi says the strength of culture can be converted into the strength of production.

The Zhejiang province is being presented as an example of culture and economic development.

Zhejiang still leads the way in the linkages of national economic development with its cultural depth. Since the reform and opening up, Zhejiang has witnessed healthy and steady growth, a continuous success.

At the invitation of the Karachi Consulate of the People’s Republic of China, I had a rare opportunity to explore the Zhejiang province of China, witnessing a beautiful blend of culture and technology. Wang Kun, a professor from Zhejiang Normal University, believes that the main reason behind the strength and dominance of thousands of years of Chinese culture is the openness and exclusiveness that distinguishes it from other civilizations. He understands that the era from 1929 to 1945 is a awakening age when the world saw a movement led by Mao Zedong, Zhang Shenfu and Hu Sheng, after which China determined its direction and today, by becoming an exemplary state, it is supporting the rest of the world in every way to uplift it.

Artificial intelligence is reshaping the creative industries globally, and in this regard, China has emerged as a valuable example in the world that has integrated science and technology with cultural development. China believes in dialogue and debate for the “integrated development of culture and technology”.

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China highlighted the integration of culture with science and technology as an important feature of China’s cultural development in the new era; the fruits of which are being seen on the ground.

Zhang Genfu, vice president of the Zhejiang Normal University affirms that contemporary Chins are the continuation and development of ancient China. According to archaeology evidence, China has a human history of one million years, a cultural history of 10,000 year, and a civilisation history of more than 5,000 thousand.

No doubt, Chinese civilisation is the only one that has never been interpreted.

But more importantly, Chinese civilisation is the centre of many inventions that have proven to be helpful in dealing with the challenges of the times, and now its integration with science and technology is becoming a reason for its culture to strengthen and flourish. The direct benefit of which is that China has advanced in science and technology along with its culture.

If the cultures of different countries and nations move forward together without harming each other, a community of civilisation will be created in which there is equality and diversity.

After the integration of culture and technology, China is moving towards creating a garden of flowers all over the world. Chinese scholars believe that spring cannot come from one flower, but if 100 flowers bloom, it is spring.

<https://www.nation.com.pk/09-Nov-2025/china-s-secret-progress-power-nationalism-cultural-integration>

**November 10, 2025**

### **The News**

#### **China-led scientists unveil AI model to analyze ocean depths**

A joint collaboration led by Chinese scientists has launched a new deep-sea exploration AI model named DePTH-GPT to advance global understanding of ocean research.

The model primarily utilizes AI technologies like deep learning, large language models, computer vision to process data from sources such as video footage, hydrodynamics, and bioacoustics, aiming for a more intelligent and predictive stage.

The AI model has already developed an intelligent cognitive system for a deep-sea seamount and a hydrothermal vent, in collaboration with the Second Institute of Oceanography under the Ministry of Natural Resources. DePTH-GPT is the end result of the Digital DEPTH project which primarily focuses on deep-sea habitats and was launched under the United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development.

The model will be available to global research institutions and will transform deep-sea research from its current state of conventional qualitative analysis to a highly intelligent, predictive stage that encompasses distinct deep-sea habitats, like seamounts.

<https://www.thenews.com.pk/latest/1357171-china-led-scientists-unveil-ai-model-to-analyze-ocean-depths>

**November 12, 2025**

**The News**

**China achieves world's first rare earth minerals extraction from living plant**

China in a recent breakthrough has reportedly achieved the world's first extraction of a naturally formed mineral with rare earth elements from a living fern plant.

According to Chinese scientists, the recent unprecedented discovery offers a “green circular model” for extracting valuable rare earth elements.

The team found crystallized and nanoscale monazite within the tissues of an evergreen fern *Blechnum orientale*.

Guangzhou Institute of Geochemistry that took part in the study issued a statement,

“This breakthrough opens new possibilities for the direct recovery of functional rare earth element (RRE) materials.”

“This discovery not only sheds light on REE enrichment and sequestration during chemical and biological weathering but also opens new possibilities for the direct recovery of functional REE materials,” said the researchers.

Monazite is a high-value phosphate mineral known for its high concentration of rare earth elements, including cerium, neodymium, and lanthanum.

These minerals are used in modern technology due to their physical and mechanical properties.

According to findings published in the peer-reviewed journal *Environmental Science & Technology*, this method would open the avenues of Phyto mining and introduces an innovative and “plant-based approach for sustainable rare earth element resource development.”

Phytomining is primarily used to extract metals from soil by using so-called hyperaccumulator plants. However, this green strategy also offers promising opportunities for sustainable rare earth supply.

<https://www.thenews.com.pk/latest/1357437-china-achieves-worlds-first-rare-earth-minerals-extraction-from-living-plant>

**November 13, 2025**

**The News**

**China's open-source AI models gain traction in Silicon Valley adoption**

China's AI model is predominantly gaining attraction in Silicon Valley and becoming fundamental to the operations of American companies and earning the appreciation of a growing list of tech leaders.

The swift ascent has underscored the competitive edge that Chinese developers such as Alibaba, Moonshot, and MiniMax have been able to gain by offering their open-weight models at much lower costs than their rivals in the United States.

According to the data shared by OpenRouter, Chinese AI tools including MiniMax's M2, Z.ai's GLM 4.6 and DeepSeek's V3.2 secured seven spots among the 20 models with the most usage last week.

It has been observed that 10 models were used for programming, and four of them were developed by Chinese firms.

Keeping in view the Atom Project analysis of data from hosting platform Hugging face, China's clear lead is apparent with aggregated downloads surpassing 540 million as of October.

The founder of Tech Buzz China, Rui Ma said that Chinese models are specifically fascinating to emerging businesses, while "high-resource organizations" have inclined towards premium US models.

In this connection, Greg Slabaugh, a professor who studies AI at Queen Mary University of London told Al Jazeera, "I do think China's AI progress has been underestimated, partly because the signal is fragmented." He further explained, "Much of the uptake of Chinese models is in China. China's scale in AI publications and patents has long been visible; the emergence of open-weight models simply makes that capability more globally consumable."

According to analysts, Chinese AI models have gained ground with their low cost, and US tech giants are in a strong position to surpass the high-end market and heavily governed sectors where national security is crucial.

The advancement of AI could end up following a similar approach to the Android and iPhone platforms, which have about three times as many users globally.

It is expected that AI might follow similar economic dynamics, as there are more users in the world who make cost a priority than those who choose premium options.

No doubt, China's AI models are retaining their positions with superior performance and economical costs and are supremely challenging the status quo of the U.S. AI industry and provoking Silicon Valley giants to revisit their development strategies.

Additionally, the Queen Mary University of London professor, Slabaugh, referring to the adoption of Chinese models said, "In Fortune 500 and regulated sectors, widespread adoption is probably not imminent."

<https://www.thenews.com.pk/latest/1357602-chinas-open-source-ai-models-gain-traction-in-silicon-valley-adoption>

China begins production at world's first flying car factory

China's Aridge in a recent breakthrough has launched trial production at the world's first intelligent flying car factory located in Guangzhou.

The facility which is 120,000-square-meter wide has successfully produced its first detachable eVTOL aircraft for the modular "Land Aircraft Carrier", making major strides in commercializing next-gen transport.

According to Zhang Xuehui, the company's brand communications director "XPENG Aridge aims to begin mass production and delivery of its flying car in 2026."

"The Guangzhou plant is now in the trial production stage — we haven't yet begun full-scale manufacturing, as we'll need to obtain both airworthiness certification and production qualification before official mass production starts," she added.

The facility is equipped with an annual capacity of 10,000 aircraft modules. Once fully operational, the facility can assemble one aircraft every 30 minutes.

The flying vehicle consists of a detachable eVTOL aircraft and six-wheel mothership. It also features both manual and automatic flight modes, including one-touch landing and takeoff.

In the trial, the focus will be given on equipment and flight testing, performance verification, and prototypes production prior to initiating mass production.

The flying car is meant to serve both individuals and potential public-service scenarios, as per company's details. <https://www.thenews.com.pk/latest/1357652-china-begins-production-at-worlds-first-flying-car-factory>

## **November 14, 2025**

### **China discovers its largest gold deposit since 1949**

China has discovered the country's largest reservoir of gold since 1949. This appears to be a jackpot as gold has surged to record prices in recent years and a 1,444 tonnes deposit of gold could be worth around \$200 billion.

The Ministry of Natural Resources confirmed the discovery that took nearly 15 months of effort in Liaoning province on Friday.

The single largest gold find since the founding of the People's Republic of China is named Dadonggou deposit.

The mining effort was carried out by government sponsored Liaoning Geological and Mining Group, which deployed a team of nearly 1000 experts for the discovery.

The exact location of the site is being kept under wraps due to strategic considerations.

However, the ministry has revealed an "ultra-large and low-grade" deposit is in eastern Liaoning province, adding that it has passed the initial economic feasibility test.



**November 15, 2025**

**K2 Daily**

بلوچستان چینی تعاون معاہدے کی پیمائش کا منصوبہ



سی پیک کے تحت چینی کمپنی گوانگ ڈونگ ہنڈر اور سانجرائی مانگ کمپنی میں معاہدہ طے پا گیا  
معدنیات کی بہتر اور موثر پروسیجر سے پیداوار کی مقدار اور معیار دونوں میں اضافہ ہوگا  
اسلام آباد (آئی این پی) ایس آئی ایف سی بنیادوں پر پیمائش کیلئے پاک چین مشورہ ہے۔ معدنیات کی بہتر اور موثر پروسیجر سے  
کی معاہدے سے معدنی شعبے میں انقلاب اور منصوبے کا آغاز کیا گیا ہے۔ سی پیک کے تحت چینی پیداوار کی مقدار اور معیار دونوں میں اضافہ ہوگا جبکہ  
بلوچستان کی خوشحالی کی بنیاد رکھ دی گئی۔ تعلیمات کئی کئی گوانگ ڈونگ ہنڈر اور سانجرائی مانگ کمپنی سی پیک کے ترقیاتی اہداف کے مطابق یہ منصوبہ  
کے مطابق بلوچستان میں معدنیات کی جدید کے مابین معدنی ترقیاتی منصوبہ کا معاہدہ طے پا گیا پاکستان کے معاشی احکام (آئی سٹو 22 ویں نمبر 1)

[https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP\\_Karachi&Page=Back\\_Page&Date=2025-11-15](https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP_Karachi&Page=Back_Page&Date=2025-11-15)

[https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP\\_Karachi&Page=Editorial&Date=2025-11-15](https://epaper.dailyk2.com/Home?Issue=NP_Karachi&Page=Editorial&Date=2025-11-15)

## ***Chinese Newspapers***

**November 01, 2025**

**Xinhua News**

### **CPEC brings new opportunities to Pakistan: president**

ISLAMABAD, Nov. 1 (Xinhua) -- Pakistani President Asif Ali Zardari said on Saturday that the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) has created new avenues for development and livelihood in the country's northern Gilgit-Baltistan (GB) region. Speaking at a ceremony in the region, Zardari said that CPEC is enhancing trade, connectivity and economic opportunities for local communities. "CPEC has brought new opportunities for livelihood, trade and connectivity to GB. Our collective task is to ensure that these opportunities reach every valley and every village, creating shared prosperity for all," he said. The president said the government is committed to further promoting inclusive growth in the region by improving infrastructure and social development. He highlighted the strategic importance of GB as a gateway to Central and South Asia and said its progress would contribute to regional economic integration.

Launched in 2013, CPEC, a flagship project of the China-proposed Belt and Road Initiative, is a corridor linking Gwadar Port in Pakistan with Kashgar in northwest China's Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region, which highlights energy, transport, and industrial cooperation in the first phase, while in the new phase, it expands to fields of agriculture and livelihood, among others.

<https://english.news.cn/20251101/c59b89a6d3c94cf7ad6a26d0d64a6e4f/c.html>

## People's Daily

### **First batch of submarines under China-Pakistan cooperation project to enter service next year, says Pakistani naval chief**

*Liu Xuanzun, Bai Yunyi*

The first batch of Hangor-class submarines under a China-Pakistan cooperation project is expected to enter operational service with the Pakistan Navy in 2026, Admiral Naveed Ashraf, chief of the Naval Staff of the Pakistan Navy, told the Global Times in a recent exclusive interview. He said that the Hangor-class submarine program is progressing smoothly, and that the successful launch of the second and third submarines in China earlier this year is a major milestone for naval collaboration between China and Pakistan.

Pakistan signed a contract with China to procure eight Hangor-class conventional submarines in 2015, with the first four to be constructed by China and the rest to be assembled by Pakistan, so as to improve Pakistan's technical capabilities, according to open reports. According to the plan, Pakistan will acquire eight advanced submarines between 2022 and 2028. The first Hangor-class conventionally powered submarine was launched in China in April 2024, while the second and third vessels were consecutively launched this year.

Ashraf spoke highly of this China-Pakistan cooperation project. He said that the project is not only significant for advancement of the Pakistan Navy's submarine force capabilities, but will also contribute toward self-reliance through transfer of technology and skill development at Karachi Shipyard & Engineering Works. It reflects professionalism and close naval equipment collaboration between China and Pakistan.

Besides the submarine project, the Type 054A/P frigates mark another major achievement in China-Pakistan naval equipment cooperation. This type of multirole frigates is already in service with the Pakistan Navy, with Ashraf saying that they are "among the most advanced surface combatants."

He told the Global Times that these Chinese-made frigates have greatly strengthened the Pakistan Navy's multi-mission capability, particularly in air defense, anti-submarine warfare and maritime surveillance.

"These platforms are playing a key role in ensuring maritime security in the North Arabian Sea and the broader Indian Ocean region, which is critical for global economy," he said, noting that by securing vital sea lines of communication, including those linked to the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), the Pakistan Navy is playing a significant role in sustaining trade, investment and economic activity that benefit not only Pakistan but the entire region.

Talking about the performance of Chinese-made equipment, Ashraf said that Chinese-origin platforms and equipment have been reliable, technologically advanced and well-suited to Pakistan Navy's operational requirements. He said that the Pakistan Navy's experience with them has been very positive, both in terms of performance and technical support.

As modern warfare evolves, emerging technologies such as unmanned systems, AI and advanced electronic warfare systems are becoming increasingly important. The Pakistan Navy is focusing on these technologies and exploring collaboration with China that has the leading industries in emerging technologies, Ashraf said.

In recent years, the navies of China and Pakistan have maintained frequent exchanges and cooperation. The two sides have conducted multiple joint exercises and training activities in China and Pakistan as well as at high seas. The content covers subjects such as joint counter-terrorism, anti-piracy, maritime replenishment, formation maneuvering, communication liaison, and joint search and rescue. In particular, the Sea Guardians series of exercises has become an important brand for joint naval exercises between the two countries.

Ashraf told the Global Times that the Sea Guardians series of exercises represents the growing depth and maturity of Pakistan-China naval cooperation. He said that these exercises enhance interoperability, tactical coordination and professional exchanges between the two navies and help us learn from each other's experiences in diverse warfare domains, including counter terrorism, antipiracy and maritime security operations.

"Most importantly, such engagements demonstrate our shared resolve to promote peace, stability and freedom of navigation in the region," he said.

On the topic of China-Pakistan naval cooperation in the future, Ashraf said that the Pakistan Navy's partnership with China is built on deep-rooted friendship, mutual respect, trust and shared strategic interests.

"In the coming decade, we expect this relationship to grow stronger, encompassing not only shipbuilding and training, but also enhanced interoperability, research, technology sharing and industrial collaboration," he said.

"There is immense potential for cooperation in advanced technologies, unmanned systems, marine scientific research and maritime industry development. Together, we aim to ensure a secure and stable maritime environment that supports regional peace and prosperity," said the Pakistani admiral.

"China has been a trusted partner in the Pakistan Navy's modernization journey," Ashraf said. He noted that the introduction of advanced frigates and submarines has significantly enhanced the Pakistan Navy's operational reach, multi-domain war fighting capabilities, and deterrence posture.

These modern platforms, coupled with joint training and exercises with the PLA Navy, have deepened the two sides' professional synergy and strengthened interoperability at sea, Ashraf said, noting that "this cooperation goes beyond hardware; it reflects a shared strategic outlook, mutual trust, and a long-standing partnership."

From Monday to Thursday, the Pakistan Navy is organizing a second edition of Pakistan International Maritime Expo and Conference (PIMEC) in Karachi, Pakistan. The event is being organized with the aim to jump-start the development of Pakistan's maritime sector and establish a platform to spur the blue economy and provide a platform to government-to-government and business-business engagements, according to the Pakistan Navy.

Ashraf said that PIMEC is a platform which showcases and leverages the country's strategic maritime assets, including Gwadar port and the opportunities presented by the CPEC, promoting investment in critical infrastructure to support trade and economic growth. He noted that with PIMEC, the Pakistan Navy aims to promote blue economy and technological advancements as well as address emerging maritime threats through international cooperation.

<https://en.people.cn/n3/2025/1103/c90000-20385358.html>

**November 02, 2025**

**Global Times**

**Exclusive: First batch of submarines under China-Pakistan cooperation project to enter service next year, says Pakistani naval chief**

*Liu Xuanzun and Bai Yunyi*

The first batch of Hangor-class submarines under a China-Pakistan cooperation project is expected to enter operational service with the Pakistan Navy in 2026, Admiral Naveed Ashraf, chief of the Naval Staff of the Pakistan Navy, told the Global Times in a recent exclusive interview. He said that the Hangor-class submarine program is progressing smoothly, and that the successful launch of the second and third submarines in China earlier this year is a major milestone for naval collaboration between China and Pakistan.

Pakistan signed a contract with China to procure eight Hangor-class conventional submarines in 2015, with the first four to be constructed by China and the rest to be assembled by Pakistan, so as to improve Pakistan's technical capabilities, according to open reports. According to the plan, Pakistan will acquire eight advanced submarines between 2022 and 2028. The first Hangor-class conventionally powered submarine was launched in China in April 2024, while the second and third vessels were consecutively launched this year.

Ashraf spoke highly of this China-Pakistan cooperation project. He said that the project is not only significant for advancement of the Pakistan Navy's submarine force capabilities, but will also contribute toward self-reliance through transfer of technology and skill development at Karachi Shipyard & Engineering Works. It reflects professionalism and close naval equipment collaboration between China and Pakistan.

Besides the submarine project, the Type 054A/P frigates mark another major achievement in China-Pakistan naval equipment cooperation. This type of multirole frigates is already in service with the Pakistan Navy, with Ashraf saying that they are "among the most advanced surface combatants."

He told the Global Times that these Chinese-made frigates have greatly strengthened the Pakistan Navy's multi-mission capability, particularly in air defense, anti-submarine warfare and maritime surveillance.

"These platforms are playing a key role in ensuring maritime security in the North Arabian Sea and the broader Indian Ocean region, which is critical for global economy," he said, noting that by securing vital sea lines of communication, including those linked to the China-

Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), the Pakistan Navy is playing a significant role in sustaining trade, investment and economic activity that benefit not only Pakistan but the entire region.

Talking about the performance of Chinese-made equipment, Ashraf said that Chinese-origin platforms and equipment have been reliable, technologically advanced and well-suited to Pakistan Navy's operational requirements. He said that the Pakistan Navy's experience with them has been very positive, both in terms of performance and technical support.

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<https://www.globaltimes.cn/page/202511/1347163.shtml>

**November 04, 2025**

**China Daily**

### **Philosophy has resonance across globe**

Officials hail focus on putting people first, pursuing mutually beneficial cooperation

*ZHAO JIA*

When Ahmed Sheraz, a member of the Pakistan Tariff Commission, came across the Chinese proverb, "All living things should flourish without harming each other; all ways of life should thrive without hindering each other", in the fifth volume of Xi Jinping: The Governance of China, he paused to reflect.

"I was deeply inspired by the idea that everything in the universe can develop in its own way, follow its own laws and not hinder others," he said. "It is an approach that encourages coexistence and development for all, and is against confrontation."

He said the concept embodies the vision of building a community with a shared future for humanity — a theme that runs throughout China's governance philosophy.

Sheraz expressed concern that many countries are turning away from multilateralism.

"Should we care only about ourselves, or work together for a better, shared future?" he asked, emphasizing that the challenges facing today's interconnected world cannot be solved by any one nation alone.

"The answer lies in China's philosophy of cooperation," he said.

Calling President Xi Jinping's global initiatives farsighted and constructive, Sheraz cited the Belt and Road Initiative as a prime example.

He said that China's efforts to help partner countries build roads, railways and ports "have made business easier and helped economies grow together".

He described the BRI as a model of win-win cooperation, a framework in which everyone benefits, not a zero-sum game where one side's gain is another side's loss.

China's reform and modernization, he said, have not only unleashed the country's own potential but also provided valuable lessons for others.

Calling China a "role model" for least-developed countries, Sheraz praised its progress in agriculture and science and technology, adding that these experiences should be shared more widely around the world.

Sheraz's views were echoed by Shaymaa Mahmoud Mahmoud Bayoumi, an Egyptian official responsible for investment and foreign trade, who also found fresh inspiration in the book.

The first volume of Xi Jinping: The Governance of China was published in 2014, and the series has since grown to five volumes, published in more than 40 languages and distributed in over 180 countries and regions. Both Chinese and English versions of the fifth volume were published in July.

"It's my first time reading the book," she said, adding that although it is a substantial work, she has "already grasped its essence".

"I was inspired by the focus on people — on inclusion, innovation and environmental awareness," Bayoumi said.

"Modernization in China is not only about material progress. It places people at the center, encourages collective effort, and emphasizes sustainability and harmony with nature."

Having visited China several times since 2000, Bayoumi said she has witnessed the country's steady and determined progress.

Recalling a conversation with a Chinese official years ago, she shared a metaphor that stayed with her.

"He told me the story of the rabbit and the tortoise," she said with a smile. "China chose to be the tortoise — moving forward step by step with a long-term vision. Coming back after all these years, I can truly see how remarkable that progress has been."

She added that the nation's transformation has brought benefits far beyond its borders.

Bayoumi also spoke highly of China's global vision.

Egypt, she said, shares similar aspirations through cooperation under the BRI, citing the Suez Canal Economic Zone as an example.

China is Egypt's largest trading partner and one of its fastest-growing investors.

Around 160 Chinese companies are now investing and operating in the Suez Canal Economic Zone.

"Chinese investment in Egypt and across Africa has created more jobs and opportunities. This long-term strategy of inclusion and cooperation will make the world more prosperous in the future," Bayoumi said.

For Janeth Yovani Villegas Arteaga, an adviser to the Ministry of Women and Vulnerable Populations of Peru, reading the fifth volume of Xi Jinping: The Governance of China fulfilled a long-held wish.

"This is my first time holding a printed copy," she told China Daily during a symposium in Beijing.

"I already had the first four volumes back home in Peru, and now I've started reading the new one. I plan to take it home and share it with my family."

Mutual understanding

Although Peru and China are separated by the vast Pacific Ocean, Arteaga said, books like this serve as bridges for mutual understanding.

In her view, the series delivers a "clear and consistent message" of putting people first and pursuing win-win cooperation.

She attributed China's remarkable achievements in governance and modernization to its strong leadership and the perseverance of its people, suggesting that Peruvian leaders could learn from China's experience for inspiration.

"In just a few decades, China has moved far ahead," she said. "Once a poor country, it has eliminated extreme poverty, maintained social stability, safeguarded people's livelihoods, and made impressive technological progress."

Helio Assa-fay Varela Robalo, president of the Cape Verdean News Agency, said that China has become a global model for sustainable growth and social well-being, playing an increasingly vital role in global development, especially in Africa.

"China has been advancing skills training and technology transfer through educational and institutional partnerships," Robalo said. "In Cape Verde, China is a valued partner, investing significantly in fisheries, infrastructure, education, healthcare and sports."

"Similar forms of dynamic cooperation are taking place across many African nations, driving development and shared prosperity for all," he added.

<https://www.chinadaily.com.cn/a/202511/04/WS6909346da310f215074b8bb5.html>

## **People's Daily**

### **Shenzhou-21 heads for space: New milestones in China's space program**

*Liu Shiyao, Li Junqiang*

At 11:44 p.m. Beijing time on Oct. 31, 2025, the Shenzhou-21 manned spacecraft on top of a Long March-2F carrier rocket lifted off from the Jiuquan Satellite Launch Center in northwest China, embarking on a journey to China's space station.

This marked the 37th flight mission of China's manned space program and the sixth manned flight mission since the space station entered the application and development phase.

According to Zhang Jingbo, a spokesperson for the China Manned Space Agency, the main objectives of the mission are to complete an in-orbit rotation with the Shenzhou-20 crew, stay in the space station for about six months, and carry out space science and application tasks.

The astronauts will perform extravehicular activities, manage cargo transfers in and out of the modules, install space debris protection devices, and mount and retrieve external payloads and facilities. They will also engage in science education and public outreach activities, as well as conduct space-based experiments to further enhance the comprehensive benefits of the space station's applications.

During their stay, the Shenzhou-21 crew will undertake 27 new scientific and application projects. These projects will focus on key scientific issues in areas such as space life science and biotechnology, space medicine, space materials science, microgravity fluid physics and combustion, and new spacecraft technologies.

Notably, the mission will carry out China's first in-orbit scientific experiment involving rodent mammals. Four mice, two male and two females, have traveled with the spacecraft and will be raised in orbit. The experiment will explore how microgravity and confined space conditions affect behavioral patterns. After returning to Earth, further studies will be conducted to explore how multiple organs and tissues of mice respond and adapt to the stress of the space environment.

The spacecraft also carries experimental payloads related to space applications, including in-situ electrochemical and optical studies of lithium-ion batteries and an on-orbit intelligent computing platform. These projects are expected to provide a scientific foundation for future research and strengthen the station's long-term application capabilities.

Since its inception, China's manned space program has adhered to the principles of peaceful use, equality and mutual benefit, and common development. China continues to promote international cooperation by inviting foreign astronauts to participate in missions to its space station, contributing to the progress of space technology and benefiting humanity as a whole.

Following the signing of a cooperation agreement between China and Pakistan in February this year, the selection of Pakistani astronauts for participation in China's space missions has officially begun. The preliminary selection process is currently under way in Pakistan, while the secondary and final selections will take place in China.

Upon completion, two Pakistani astronauts will train alongside their Chinese counterparts. One of them will be selected to participate in a short-duration spaceflight mission as a payload specialist and conduct scientific experiments for Pakistan.

Zhang reaffirmed that China is holding firm to its goal of landing astronauts on the moon by 2030. He noted that the country's manned lunar exploration program is progressing smoothly.

Since the beginning of this year, China has completed several key tests, including the second-stage propulsion system test and the captive firing test for the Long March-10 rocket, the zero-altitude escape test for the Mengzhou spacecraft, and the comprehensive landing and takeoff verification test for the Lanyue lander.

Upcoming tests will include integrated testing of the lander, thermal and maximum dynamic pressure escape tests of the Mengzhou spacecraft, and low-altitude and technology verification flights of the Long March-10 rocket.

Since the approval of the space station application and development project and the manned lunar exploration program, China has actively adopted a commercial competition model to encourage the participation of private enterprises in spacecraft development and manufacturing. This approach has been applied to projects such as the low-cost cargo transport system for the space station, the crewed lunar rover, and lunar remote-sensing satellites. Contracts for these projects have been signed, and development work is under way. The share of commercial participation in China's manned space program has increased substantially, accelerating technological progress and yielding increasingly significant results.

Looking ahead, China will continue to expand commercial participation in future projects, including the development of lunar scientific probe platforms and crater-detection platform, to further stimulate innovation and vitality in the country's commercial space sector.

<https://en.people.cn/n3/2025/1104/c90000-20386259.html>

### **Xinhua News**

#### **Pakistan to promote blue economy for sustainable development: minister**

ISLAMABAD, Nov. 4 (Xinhua) -- Pakistan's Minister for Finance and Revenue Muhammad Aurangzeb said on Tuesday that the country has been promoting a blue economy for sustainable development, highlighting the sector's immense potential to become a game changer for Pakistan's economic future.

"With a potential to reach 100 billion U.S. dollars by 2047, Pakistan is committed to policy continuity, investment facilitation and sustainable maritime development to boost the blue economy," the minister said while addressing a seminar on blue economy.

He said that the maritime sector currently contributes only around 0.4 to 0.5 percent to the national gross domestic product, approximately 1 billion dollars, adding that the sector holds vast potential for expansion.

Emphasizing the modernization and digitization of port operations, Aurangzeb said that the country's Port Qasim and Gwadar Port need to be aligned with global best practices to strengthen regional trade connectivity.

The potential of renewable energy projects, including tidal and offshore wind generation, will be exploited, he said, adding that innovative financing mechanisms, such as blue bonds and blended financing to fund sustainable development and conservation initiatives, should be explored.

"Marine biotechnology and regional collaboration present further avenues for growth, with the ultimate objective of integrating blue economy principles into Pakistan's national economic transformation agenda," the minister said.

<https://english.news.cn/asiapacific/20251104/0f645db7ab58483b8163200a10edff04/c.html>

**November 05, 2025**

**China Daily**

**How China's "Iron-clad Brothers" Pakistan and Serbia are connected by the BRI**

How did Pakistan and Serbia become such good friends? The remarkable connection stems from the Belt and Road Initiative. The network it weaves is the most vivid portrayal of a community with a shared future for humanity.

<https://www.chinadaily.com.cn/a/202511/05/WS690afa59a310bfcd27fc4fca.html>

**November 06, 2025**

**China Daily**

**Pakistan's envoy says Xi's APEC proposals offer path to stronger regional growth**

*Minlu Zhang at the United Nations*

President Xi Jinping's proposals for advancing openness and regional cooperation at last week's Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation economic leaders' meeting in Gyeongju, Republic of Korea, have been welcomed by Pakistan's Permanent Representative to the United Nations Asim Iftikhar Ahmad.

Ahmad said the speech was "visionary, instructive and timely".

He said Xi's remarks were especially meaningful at a time when "the global trade architecture, so assiduously built up over the decades with the World Trade Organization at its core, is facing unprecedented challenges." "The five key proposals presented by President Xi are grounded in the vision of win-win cooperation and in building a community of a shared future for mankind," he told China Daily. "They offer pragmatic solutions to reinvigorate and strengthen economic globalization." Ahmad said the president's emphasis on openness, unity and shared prosperity, not only in the Asia-Pacific but also globally, "reaffirms China's unwavering commitment to multilateralism, economic globalization and inclusive growth through deeper cooperation, reform and opening-up." The China-Pakistan Economic Corridor, the centerpiece of China's Belt and Road Initiative in Pakistan, is an example of a shared vision for modernization between the two countries. Launched in 2013, the corridor connects Pakistan's Gwadar Port in Balochistan with Kashgar in China's Xinjiang Uygur autonomous region. The corridor initially focused on energy, transport and industrial cooperation, and has now expanded into areas such as agriculture and people's livelihoods. "Pakistan, an important partner in China's Belt and Road Initiative, shares and supports President Xi's far-sighted vision," he said. It represents "the most viable path toward realizing the dream of shared prosperity for all," said Ahmad.

<https://www.chinadaily.com.cn/a/202511/06/WS690bc43aa310bfcd27fc50a8.html>

## People's Daily

### **China demonstrates firm commitment to global cooperation at import expo**

SHANGHAI, Nov. 5 (Xinhua) -- The 8th China International Import Expo (CIIE), the world's first national-level exposition dedicated to imports, opened in Shanghai on Wednesday, showcasing China's firm commitment to global cooperation, which injects much-needed certainty and stability into the global economy.

When delivering a keynote speech at the opening ceremony, Chinese Premier Li Qiang pledged that the country will unswervingly promote high-standard opening up, steadily expand institutional opening up, and advance comprehensive pilot programs to accelerate the service industry's opening up.

The six-day event has set a new record in scale. It boasts participation from 155 countries, regions and international organizations, with 4,108 overseas exhibitors and a total exhibition area of over 430,000 square meters, according to the Ministry of Commerce.

"This is a clear vote of confidence in the Chinese economy and a show of strong support for the CIIE from all parties involved," said Wu Zhengping, deputy director-general of the CIIE Bureau.

According to Vice Commerce Minister Sheng Qiuping, China has been the world's second-largest import market for 16 consecutive years, with its goods and service imports set to top 15 trillion U.S. dollars during the 14th Five-Year Plan period (2021-2025).

China's ruling party concluded a pivotal meeting last month, approving recommendations for the country's 15th Five-Year Plan, a roadmap that will steer national development through 2030. The document reaffirms China's commitment to promoting high-standard opening up and creating new horizons for mutually beneficial cooperation.

#### NEW PRODUCTS

Beyond the record-breaking exhibition scale and participant numbers, the event has attracted 290 Fortune 500 and leading industry players. Notably, American companies maintained the largest exhibition area for the seventh consecutive year.

The Volkswagen Group has chosen to once again hold its global board meeting in Shanghai during the CIIE, while Alfa Laval, a Fortune Global 500 company from Sweden, has also scheduled its meeting at the expo venue. Furthermore, the first-time in-person attendance of senior executives from numerous multinational corporations signals a strong determination to deepen roots in the Chinese market.

"Previously, I only experienced the charm of the CIIE virtually. This time, it is my first visit to the CIIE from France," L'Oral Group CEO Nicolas Hieronimus said. "The CIIE offers us valuable certainty and demonstrates China's firm commitment to high-level opening-up and high-quality development."

The 8th CIIE is displaying 461 new products, technologies and services. Over the past seven years, a series of global and regional debuts at the expo have turned it into a grand stage for showcasing cutting-edge ideas.

Apart from a dedicated focus on future industries like the low-altitude economy and humanoid robotics, the spotlight at this year's CIIE is also on the latest achievements from the world's premier companies in fields such as new-generation IT, AI, and green, low-carbon development.

On the opening day of the CIIE, Tesla's Cybercab made its Asia-Pacific debut in the Automobile and Smart Mobility area. The sleek golden model, with its sci-fi aesthetic, has no steering wheel or pedals and is built for full self-driving. Tesla revealed that the mass production of Cybercab is scheduled to start in the second quarter of next year.

American firm Johnson Controls, participating in the CIIE for the eighth time, launched at the expo a new-generation YORK CYK high-temperature centrifugal heat pump, a product developed by its team in China. The product helps enterprises reduce fossil fuel consumption and carbon emissions while promoting the efficient use of green electricity.

"China is not only a key market and manufacturing base, but also a globally significant source of green innovation and sustainable development. I'm with full confidence in China's economy," said Anu Rathninde, Johnson Controls Asia Pacific president, adding that the company currently has four manufacturing bases, two R&D centers, and over 40 branches in China.

#### BEYOND EXHIBITION

Today, the CIIE has evolved from a platform for showcasing results into a magnet for global resources and a hub for building substantial partnerships.

Data shows that over the past seven years, the event has featured approximately 3,000 new products, technologies and services, while also facilitating over 1,100 foreign-funded enterprises and investment promotion agencies in conducting targeted matchmaking activities across China. It has so far generated over 500 billion U.S. dollars in intended transactions.

Through years of participation in the CIIE, the German pharmaceutical company Boehringer Ingelheim has not only witnessed its exhibits graduate to marketable products at "China speed," but also evolved from an exhibitor into an investor in China, driven by the country's favorable business environment.

"We truly appreciate the continuous improvement in China's business environment as well as the impressive progress in the healthcare reform," said Mohammed Tawil, president and CEO of Boehringer Ingelheim Greater China. "These developments have created a more open, fair and predictable environment for multinational companies like us."

Boehringer Ingelheim plans to invest more than 5 billion yuan (about 705.21 million U.S. dollars) in R&D in China over the next five years, according to Tawil.

Anna An, president of Henkel Greater China, noted her admiration for the professionalism of buyers at the expo, who often come with clear cooperation intentions and specific procurement goals. She added that Henkel has steadily increased its innovation investment in China, recently opening a 500-million-yuan adhesive technologies experience center in Shanghai.

China saw the registration of 48,921 new foreign-invested firms in the first three quarters of 2025, marking a year-on-year increase of 16.2 percent, according to the Ministry of Commerce. From 2021 to 2025, the world's second-largest economy attracted over 700 billion U.S. dollars in cumulative utilized foreign investment, with 25,000 more new foreign-funded enterprises than in the previous five-year period.

### SHARED PROSPERITY

Despite mounting global uncertainties, the CIIE continues to serve as a bridge, enabling all to access development opportunities.

Since its inception, the event has consistently provided various preferential treatments and conveniences for the least developed countries (LDCs). For the first time, the 8th CIIE established a dedicated exhibition area for products from the LDCs with diplomatic ties with China, aiming to help their enterprises fully leverage zero-tariff policies and tap into the vast Chinese market. The number of exhibitors from the LDCs has seen a year-on-year increase of 23.5 percent.

Meanwhile, the current session hosted its first-ever Global South sub-forum, focusing on enhancing the economic resilience of the Global South and promoting sustainable agricultural development in these regions.

The CIIE also provides small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) worldwide with an opportunity to shine on the big stage. More than 80 business associations from over 50 countries and regions bring over 1,500 SMEs to this year's expo. To help overseas SMEs access the Chinese market more efficiently, it launched a cross-border e-commerce platform, integrating the entire process from product display and transactions to logistics and delivery. China has become the primary trade partner for more than 150 countries and regions. From 2021 to 2025, its imports of goods and services are projected to exceed 15 trillion U.S. dollars, while its accumulated outbound investment has generated over 300 billion U.S. dollars in tax revenue for host countries, creating substantial employment and advancing their industrialization and modernization. The story of Peruvian artisan Oswaldo Mamani, shared at a United Nations event in June, offers a vivid snapshot of this broader picture. Through the CIIE, his handmade alpaca plush toys, Warmpaca, found their way into the Chinese market, improving not only his own life but also lifting over 200 local families out of poverty. "The Chinese market has potential, strong consumer power, and rapid demand growth," Mamani said. "We have to deliver goods five times a year, with each batch ranging from 2,500 to 3,000 items." Now, Warmpaca's booth at the CIIE has expanded from its initial nine square meters to 54 square meters. Aqeel Chaudhry, a jewelry businessman from Pakistan, has also personally benefited from China's opening up over the years. At the previous CIIE, a pendant from his company, modeled after the expo venue's distinctive four-leaf clover layout, was an instant hit. "In my eyes, the four-leaf clover represents not only the grand platform of the CIIE but also the deep connection global businesses seek with China," Chaudhry said. In addition to establishing stores in Shanghai and the northern Chinese city of Dalian, Chaudhry has also expanded his brand's presence through partnerships in eastern provinces such as Zhejiang and Jiangsu. <https://en.people.cn/n3/2025/1106/c90000-20386989.html>

**November 07, 2025**

**Global Times**

**China commissions first electromagnetic catapults-equipped aircraft carrier, Fujian; country officially enters three-carrier era**

*Liu Xuanzun, Liang Rui and Guo Yuandan*

Official Chinese media on Friday revealed that the country's third aircraft carrier, the electromagnetic catapults-equipped Fujian, was officially commissioned on Wednesday. China now officially entered an era with three aircraft carriers, as experts highlighted the significant capability boosts that the Fujian will give to the Chinese People's Liberation Army (PLA).

President Xi Jinping on Wednesday attended the commissioning and flag-presenting ceremony of the Fujian, China's first aircraft carrier equipped with electromagnetic catapults, in South China's Hainan Province, the Xinhua News Agency reported.

Xi, also general secretary of the Communist Party of China Central Committee and chairman of the Central Military Commission, boarded the aircraft carrier to inspect the vessel after the ceremony at a naval port in Sanya City, according to Xinhua.

About 2,000 representatives from the navy and institutions involved in the construction of the aircraft carrier took part in the ceremony on Wednesday. At the ceremony, Xi presented a flag of the PLA to the captain and political commissar of the Fujian, and took a group photo with them, according to Xinhua.

Aboard the vessel, Xi was briefed on the country's aircraft carrier development. He learned about the systematic combat capabilities of the aircraft carriers and the electromagnetic catapult system, Xinhua reported.

On the flight deck, new-generation carrier-based aircraft, including the J-35 and J-15T fighter jets and the KJ-600 early warning aircraft, were parked in sequence. Talking with carrier-based aircraft pilots, Xi encouraged them to keep improving their skills and expertise, and to contribute to the development of the combat capabilities of the Fujian.

Xi visited the control tower on the island section of the Fujian to learn about flight command and takeoff-and-landing operations. He then entered the pilot house, where he signed the log book.

It was Xi's decision that the Fujian adopt the electromagnetic catapult system. On Wednesday, he visited the control area of this system and attentively observed the operational procedures, Xinhua reported.

He also toured the vessel's dining facilities and crew quarters to inspect the living conditions of officers and sailors.

The Fujian was launched in June 2022 and named after Fujian Province.

Zhang Junshe, a Chinese military affairs expert, told the Global Times that the commissioning of the Fujian is a symbol of the achievements in the transformation of the

PLA Navy from coastal defense to far seas defense, marking that China has officially entered an era with three aircraft carriers, as well as an era of electromagnetic catapults-equipped carrier.

Zhang said the commissioning of the Fujian will bring three major changes and capability leaps for the PLA Navy. The first is the use of the electromagnetic catapult system that enables aircraft to take off with full fuel and ammunition, increasing the combat radius and enhancing the attack capability; the second is the significant increase of aircraft carrier sortie rate, also thanks to the electromagnetic catapults; the third is the formation of a far seas combat system that integrates offense and defense for the carrier group, with the addition of the KJ-600 early warning aircraft.

<https://www.globaltimes.cn/page/202511/1347603.shtml>

**November 08, 2025**

**Xinhua News**

**Pakistan should learn from China's development experience: minister**

Mushahid Hussain Sayed, chairman of the Pakistan-China Institute, addresses the Sangam Gala 2025 in Islamabad, Pakistan, Nov. 6, 2025. (Photo by Ahmad Kamal/Xinhua)

ISLAMABAD, Nov. 8 (Xinhua) -- Pakistan's Minister for Investment Qaiser Ahmed Sheikh has said that Pakistan should learn from China's development experience to achieve sustainable growth and shared prosperity.

Speaking as the chief guest at the Sangam Gala 2025 held by the Chinese Embassy in Pakistan in Islamabad earlier this week, Sheikh said China's achievement in lifting hundreds of millions of people out of poverty serves as a global example of people-centered development.

He noted that China's progress in education, technology, and technical skills must be prioritized in Pakistan to empower youth and reduce poverty.

"The way China develops its people through education and technology offers an ideal model for Pakistan and South Asia," Sheikh said. "Only through skill development and technical education can our people overcome poverty."

Mushahid Hussain Sayed, chairman of the Pakistan-China Institute, said that driven by the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC), Pakistan has made significant progress in various fields such as energy, healthcare, and women's well-being. Pakistan will actively promote strategic alignment with China's 15th Five-Year Plan and work together with China to create a more prosperous future for bilateral relations, he said.

Chinese Ambassador to Pakistan Jiang Zaidong said the ongoing modernization efforts in China and Pakistan have opened up broad avenues for collaboration. In particular, the proposals outlined in China's 15th Five-Year Plan present important opportunities for strengthening the China-Pakistan community with a shared future.

China's initiatives, including promoting high-quality Belt and Road cooperation and expanding high-standard opening up, also provide strong momentum for upgrading CPEC and solid support for the two countries to jointly advance economic globalization, he added.

Jiang hoped both sides could reaffirm their commitment to carrying forward the ironclad friendship, deepening practical cooperation, and working together to create a brighter shared future.

The gala brought together diplomats, officials, scholars, and representatives from both nations to celebrate the two countries' long-standing ties and explore new channels of collaboration.

<https://english.news.cn/asiapacific/20251108/bf62db9ca0bc47a3b20aa18bcd76d11/c.html>

### **Pakistan's Investment Minister: China's development experience is worth learning from**

ISLAMABAD, Nov. 8 (Xinhua) -- Pakistan's Minister of Investment, Kesser Ahmed Sheikh, said on Nov. 6 that China's development experience is worth learning from, and he looks forward to the two countries working together to achieve sustainable development and common prosperity.

The Chinese Embassy in Pakistan hosted the “Deepening Friendship Conference” 2025 annual meeting in Islamabad, the capital of Pakistan, on the same day. Representatives from various sectors, including political figures, think tanks, and media from Punjab, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Sindh and Balochistan provinces, participated in the meeting.

In his address, Sheikh stated that China's success in lifting hundreds of millions of people out of poverty is a model of putting people first and sets an example for developing countries. China's successful experiences in science and technology development and education and training can serve as a reference for Pakistan and other South Asian countries. Pakistan should strengthen the training of young talent and vocational skills to help more local people escape poverty. Pakistan is willing to continuously improve its business environment and welcomes more Chinese enterprises to invest and do business in Pakistan, injecting momentum into regional development.

Mushahid Hussain, former chairman of the Senate Defense Committee and chairman of the Pakistan-China Institute, stated that driven by the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) projects, Pakistan has made significant progress in various sectors, including energy, healthcare, and women's welfare. Going forward, Pakistan will actively promote strategic alignment with China's 15th Five-Year Plan, working together to create a more prosperous and brighter future for bilateral relations.

Chinese Ambassador to Pakistan Jiang Zaidong stated that the modernization drive between China and Pakistan has opened up broad prospects for cooperation between the two countries. In particular, China's 15th Five-Year Plan proposals have made arrangements for promoting the building of a community with a shared future for mankind, high-quality joint construction of the Belt and Road Initiative, and expanding high-level opening up, providing important opportunities for building a China-Pakistan community with a shared future, strong

impetus for creating an upgraded version of the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor, and strong support for China and Pakistan to jointly promote economic globalization. He expressed hope that China and Pakistan will continue their ironclad friendship, deepen pragmatic cooperation, and create a better future together.

<http://www.xinhuanet.com/20251108/03a20f62757247928e40fe570efccabc/c.html>

**November 10, 2025**

**People's Daily**

**Pakistan should learn from China's development experience: minister**

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<https://en.people.cn/n3/2025/1110/c90000-20388466.html>

**November 11, 2025**

**China Daily**

**Pakistan businessman drawn by China's prosperity and vibrancy**

*Yin Mingyue*

For Pakistan businessman Asif Osama, his journey in China has been an extremely rewarding one.

The journey started in 2011, when the young man came to China for his studies, deeply attracted by the country's prosperity and vibrancy. Five years later, he chose to settle in Xiuzhou district in the prefecture-level city of Jiaxing in East China's Zhejiang province, working in foreign trade. Back then, his impression of Xiuzhou was "the hometown of woolen sweaters in China". Now, he has established his family and career there, fully integrating into city life and witnessing the district's development. With an open business environment, rich cultural heritage, and a constantly pulsing spirit of innovation, Osama said, Xiuzhou exudes a unique urban character defined by openness, ambition, inclusiveness, and progressive energy. Inspired by Xiuzhou's vitality and warmth, he decided to document his perspective of China, capturing stories that reveal the city's soul. An urban-themed short film, What is "Show", featuring Osama as the protagonist, was hosted by the Xiuzhou Media Center. The film depicts his experiences and impressions of life in Xiuzhou, highlighting its open spirit and innovative vitality through four dimensions — industry, culture, technology, and daily life.

On the industrial frontline, Osama visited YTO Skyhub to learn how products from Xiuzhou are shipped to global markets, while at the Honghe Sweater Market, he explored the "SweaterPi" platform, which uses AI technology to intelligently create the latest styles. He also participated in the Sweater Culture Festival, gathering with buyers from various countries to experience Xiuzhou's sweater industry. For its cultural charm, Osama explores Xiuzhou's folk customs and intangible cultural heritage. "Although we speak different languages, we can communicate through our works," he said. "Culture truly knows no boundaries." Touching on the edge of innovation, the film also captures scenes of Osama visiting the Yangtze River Delta Research Institute of Beijing Institute of Technology (Jiaxing) to learn about the research progress of hydrogen fuel cell vehicles, and also visiting Tencent Music to experience AI music creation. "In Xiuzhou, technological innovation has already integrated into daily life," he noted. Towards the end of the film, scenes of Osama's daily life in Xiuzhou are recorded, showing him experiencing the beauty of life — he enjoys walking with his family at Ginkgo Swan Lake, tasting local snacks at Jiangnan Mall Food Street, and watching football matches at the sports field. "I love life in Xiuzhou," Osama said. "I hope this short film allows more people to see an open, inclusive, and vibrant Xiuzhou."

<https://www.chinadaily.com.cn/a/202511/11/WS6912adeda310fc20369a46b5.html>

**November 12, 2025**

**China Daily**

**Global experts laud China's focus on science and tech in 15th Five-Year Plan**

*Li Menghan*

Global experts have praised China's 15th Five-Year Plan (2026-30) for its focus on science and technology development, emphasizing the need for global ethics standards and data sharing to advance scientific and technological progress.

"China is putting together its next Five-Year Plan. That plan is really good because it focuses on science and technology, the future drivers of progress for nations," said Mohammad Obaidat, a professor at Monmouth University in the United States and the University of Jordan.

Obaidat, a life fellow of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, highlighted China's rapid transformation into an industrial country in less than 20 years through science and technology. He expressed that it is "impressive" to see China now leading the world in fields like electric vehicles, nanotechnology, stem cell technology, and quantum computing.

"Technology can benefit human beings, and China is now selling technologies at really affordable costs to poor countries," he added.

However, Obaidat noted that technology is "a double-edged sword", emphasizing the need to encourage positive uses and penalize misuse.

"China has proposed guidelines and standards and is leading efforts in this domain," he said. "We need to continue negotiating and talking to everyone globally, so that such standards can be followed and agreed upon if needed, allowing every country in the world to abide by them."

The remarks were made at the 2025 World Science and Technology Development Forum, held recently in Beijing during the China Association for Science and Technology's first international month.

Manzoor Hussain Soomro from Pakistan, founding president of the Economic Cooperation Organization Science Foundation and vice-president of the Belt and Road International Science Education Consortium, echoed Obaidat's views.

Soomro said China's 15th Five-Year Plan is expected to provide new avenues for development and investment in science. He added that all countries should ensure artificial intelligence is used for positive purposes, with China and the US leading the efforts.

"China has emerged very fast as a global leader," Soomro said. "Some of the global leaders earlier on were hegemonic in nature, but China has changed this paradigm and has supported open access to technology — not just holding them. This increases the future expectation of the developing world, particularly the Global South."

"Together with governance, we need to enhance the capacity of users and responsibilities of users," he said, attributing some of the incorrect output of ChatGPT partly to the irresponsible uploading of wrong content.

Xu Xun, a professor at the University of Auckland in New Zealand, pointed out the challenge in developing large language models — such as China's DeepSeek, which has made a significant impact worldwide — lies in data collection.

Xu said both good and bad data are important, as leveraging both can reflect practical scenarios, improve generalization, and reduce biases that might arise from relying solely on high-quality datasets.

However, Xu also noted that many industrial enterprises are reluctant to share data due to concerns over intellectual property protection and competitive advantage, creating significant challenges for model training.

He called for global cooperation in artificial intelligence, emphasizing that "science has no boundaries".

<https://www.chinadaily.com.cn/a/202511/12/WS69146891a310d6866eb2927e.html>